



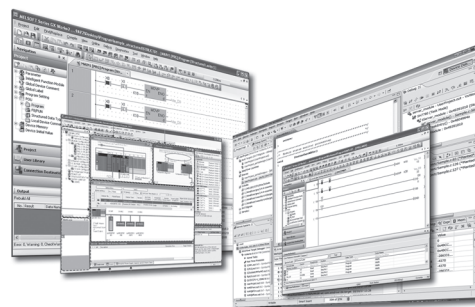
MELSOFT

Engineering Software

# GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Simple Project, Function Block)

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-SW1DND-GXW2-E  
-SW1DNC-GXW2-E





# ● SAFETY PRECAUTIONS ●

(Always read these instructions before using this product.)

Before using this product, thoroughly read this manual and the relevant manuals introduced in this manual and pay careful attention to safety and handle the products properly. If products are used in a different way from that specified by manufacturers, the protection function of the products may not work properly. The precautions given in this manual are concerned with this product. For the safety precautions of the programmable controller system, refer to the User's Manual for the CPU module.

In this manual, the safety precautions are ranked as "⚠ WARNING" and "⚠ CAUTION".



Indicates that incorrect handling may cause hazardous conditions, resulting in death or severe injury.



Indicates that incorrect handling may cause hazardous conditions, resulting in minor or moderate injury or property damage.

Note that the ⚠ CAUTION level may lead to serious consequences according to the circumstances. Always follow the precautions of both levels because they are important for personal safety.

Please save this manual to make it accessible when required and always forward it to the end user.

## [Design Instructions]

### ⚠ WARNING

- When data change, program change, or status control is performed from a personal computer to a running programmable controller, create an interlock circuit outside the programmable controller to ensure that the whole system always operates safely. Furthermore, for the online operations performed from a personal computer to a programmable controller CPU, the corrective actions against a communication error due to such as a cable connection fault should be predetermined as a system.

## [Security Precautions]

### ⚠ WARNING

- To maintain the security (confidentiality, integrity, and availability) of the programmable controller and the system against unauthorized access, denial-of-service (DoS) attacks, computer viruses, and other cyberattacks from external devices via the network, take appropriate measures such as firewalls, virtual private networks (VPNs), and antivirus solutions.

## [Startup/Maintenance Instructions]

### ⚠ CAUTION

- The online operations performed from a personal computer to a running programmable controller CPU (Program change when a programmable controller CPU is RUN, operating status changes such as forced input/output operation and RUN-STOP switching, and remote control operation) must be executed after the manual has been carefully read and the safety has been ensured. When changing a program while a programmable controller CPU is RUN, it may cause a program corruption in some operating conditions. Fully understand the precautions described in GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Common) before use.
- The positioning test functions of OPR, JOG, inching or positioning data for QD75/LD75 positioning module must be executed with the programmable controller set to STOP after the manual has been carefully read and the safety has been ensured. Specially when executing the function on the network system, ensure the safety thoroughly since the machinery whose operation cannot be checked by an operator may be activated. The operation failure may cause the injury or machine damage.

# ● CONDITIONS OF USE FOR THE PRODUCT ●

- (1) MELSEC programmable controller ("the PRODUCT") shall be used in conditions;
- i) where any problem, fault or failure occurring in the PRODUCT, if any, shall not lead to any major or serious accident; and
  - ii) where the backup and fail-safe function are systematically or automatically provided outside of the PRODUCT for the case of any problem, fault or failure occurring in the PRODUCT.
- (2) The PRODUCT has been designed and manufactured for the purpose of being used in general industries. MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC SHALL HAVE NO RESPONSIBILITY OR LIABILITY (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO ANY AND ALL RESPONSIBILITY OR LIABILITY BASED ON CONTRACT, WARRANTY, TORT, PRODUCT LIABILITY) FOR ANY INJURY OR DEATH TO PERSONS OR LOSS OR DAMAGE TO PROPERTY CAUSED BY the PRODUCT THAT ARE OPERATED OR USED IN APPLICATION NOT INTENDED OR EXCLUDED BY INSTRUCTIONS, PRECAUTIONS, OR WARNING CONTAINED IN MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC USER'S, INSTRUCTION AND/OR SAFETY MANUALS, TECHNICAL BULLETINS AND GUIDELINES FOR the PRODUCT.
- ("Prohibited Application")
- Prohibited Applications include, but not limited to, the use of the PRODUCT in;
- Nuclear Power Plants and any other power plants operated by Power companies, and/or any other cases in which the public could be affected if any problem or fault occurs in the PRODUCT.
  - Railway companies or Public service purposes, and/or any other cases in which establishment of a special quality assurance system is required by the Purchaser or End User.
  - Aircraft or Aerospace, Medical applications, Train equipment, transport equipment such as Elevator and Escalator, Incineration and Fuel devices, Vehicles, Manned transportation, Equipment for Recreation and Amusement, and Safety devices, handling of Nuclear or Hazardous Materials or Chemicals, Mining and Drilling, and/or other applications where there is a significant risk of injury to the public or property.
- Notwithstanding the above restrictions, Mitsubishi Electric may in its sole discretion, authorize use of the PRODUCT in one or more of the Prohibited Applications, provided that the usage of the PRODUCT is limited only for the specific applications agreed to by Mitsubishi Electric and provided further that no special quality assurance or fail-safe, redundant or other safety features which exceed the general specifications of the PRODUCTS are required. For details, please contact the Mitsubishi Electric representative in your region.
- (3) Mitsubishi Electric shall have no responsibility or liability for any problems involving programmable controller trouble and system trouble caused by DoS attacks, unauthorized access, computer viruses, and other cyberattacks.

## REVISIONS

Revision date	Manual number*1	Revision
Nov. 2011	SH(NA)-080984ENG-A	First edition
Jan. 2012	SH(NA)-080984ENG-B	<b>Model Addition</b> FX3GC <b>Correction</b> Section 4.1
May 2012	SH(NA)-080984ENG-C	<b>Model Addition</b> Q02PH, Q06PH, Q12PH, Q12PRH, Q25PH, Q25PRH <b>Correction</b> GENERIC TERMS AND ABBREVIATIONS IN THIS MANUAL, Section 1.5.1, Section 2.3.4, Section 3.1.1, Appendix 3
Sept. 2012	SH(NA)-080984ENG-D	<b>Correction</b> GENERIC TERMS AND ABBREVIATIONS IN THIS MANUAL, Section 2.6, Section 3.1.4, Appendix 2
Feb. 2013	SH(NA)-080984ENG-E	<b>Model Addition</b> Q03UDV, Q04UDV, Q06UDV, Q13UDV, Q26UDV, L02S, L06, L26 <b>Addition</b> Section 4.2.1 <b>Correction</b> GENERIC TERMS AND ABBREVIATIONS IN THIS MANUAL, TERMS, Section 1.5.1, Section 2.3.3, Section 2.6, Section 3.1.1, Section 3.1.2, Section 4.2.2, Section 5.2, Appendix 2 <b>Modification</b> Section 4.2 → Section 4.2.2
May 2013	SH(NA)-080984ENG-F	<b>Model Addition</b> L02S-P, L06-P, L26-P, FX3S <b>Correction</b> GENERIC TERMS AND ABBREVIATIONS IN THIS MANUAL, Section 2.3.3, Appendix 2
Sept. 2013	SH(NA)-080984ENG-G	<b>Addition</b> Section 4.2.1, Section 4.2.2 <b>Correction</b> TERMS, Section 4.2.3 <b>Modification</b> Section 4.2.1 → Section 4.2.3, Section 4.2.2 → Section 4.3, Section 4.3 to Section 4.6 → Section 4.4 to Section 4.7
Dec. 2013	SH(NA)-080984ENG-H	<b>Correction</b> Section 2.1
Mar. 2014	SH(NA)-080984ENG-I	<b>Correction</b> Section 2.6, Appendix 3
Jun. 2014	SH(NA)-080984ENG-J	<b>Correction</b> Section 4.2.1, Section 4.2.2, Section 4.2.3, Appendix 3
Sept. 2014	SH(NA)-080984ENG-K	<b>Correction</b> Section 5.3
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Jan. 2018	SH(NA)-080984ENG-M	<b>Correction</b> GENERIC TERMS AND ABBREVIATIONS IN THIS MANUAL

Revision date	Manual number*1	Revision
Jun. 2018	SH(NA)-080984ENG-N	<b>Correction</b> SAFETY PRECAUTIONS, Section 4.2.3
Jun. 2020	SH(NA)-080984ENG-O	<b>Correction</b> Section 2.3.5
Sept. 2022	SH(NA)-080984ENG-P	<b>Model Addition</b> Q04UDPV, Q06UDPV, Q13UDPV, Q26UDPV <b>Addition</b> COPYRIGHTS <b>Correction</b> SAFETY PRECAUTIONS, CONDITIONS OF USE FOR THE PRODUCT, GENERIC TERMS AND ABBREVIATIONS IN THIS MANUAL, Appendix 1, Appendix 2
Jun. 2023	SH(NA)-080984ENG-Q	<b>Correction</b> SAFETY PRECAUTIONS
Nov. 2024	SH(NA)-080984ENG-R	<b>Correction</b> Appendix 1

\*1 : The manual number is written at the bottom left of the back cover.

Japanese Manual Version SH-080983-T

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# INTRODUCTION

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Thank you for purchasing the engineering software, MELSOFT series.

Before using the product, thoroughly read this manual to develop full familiarity with the functions and performance to ensure correct use.

Note that the menu names and operating procedures may differ depending on an operating system in use and its version. When reading this manual, replace the names and procedures with the applicable ones as necessary.

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INFORMATION AND SERVICES

TRADEMARKS

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## ■ MANUALS

Related manuals are prepared separately according to the purpose of their functions in GX Works2.

### ● Related manuals

The following manuals are relevant to this product.

#### 1) Operation of GX Works2

Manual name	Manual number
GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Simple Project, Function Block) Explains methods for such as creating function blocks, pasting function blocks to sequence programs, and operating FB library in Simple project of GX Works2. (Sold separately)	SH-080984ENG (this manual)
GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Common) Explains the system configuration of GX Works2 and the functions common to Simple project and Structured project such as parameter setting, operation method for the online function. (Sold separately)	SH-080779ENG
GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Simple Project) Explains methods for such as creating and monitoring programs in Simple project of GX Works2. (Sold separately)	SH-080780ENG
GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Structured Project) Explains methods for such as creating and monitoring programs in Structured project of GX Works2. (Sold separately)	SH-080781ENG
GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Intelligent Function Module) Explains methods of intelligent function module for such as parameter setting, monitoring programs, and predefined protocol support function in GX Works2. (Sold separately)	SH-080921ENG
GX Works2 Beginner's Manual (Simple Project) Explains fundamental methods for such as creating, editing, and monitoring programs in Simple project for users inexperienced with GX Works2. (Sold separately)	SH-080787ENG
GX Works2 Beginner's Manual (Structured project) Explains fundamental methods for such as creating, editing, and monitoring programs in Structured project for users inexperienced with GX Works2. (Sold separately)	SH-080788ENG

#### 2) Structured Programming

Manual name	Manual number
MELSEC-Q/L/F Structured Programming Manual (Fundamentals) Explains the programming methods, types of programming languages, and other information required to create structured programs. (Sold separately)	SH-080782ENG
MELSEC-Q/L/F Structured Programming Manual (Common Instructions) Explains the specifications and functions of common instructions such as sequence instructions, basic instructions, and application instructions, that can be used in structured programs. (Sold separately)	SH-080783ENG
MELSEC-Q/L Structured Programming Manual (Application Functions) Explains the specifications and functions of application functions that can be used in structured programs. (Sold separately)	SH-080784ENG
MELSEC-Q/L Structured Programming Manual (Special Instructions) Explains the specifications and functions of special instructions such as module dedicated instruction, PID control instruction, and built-in I/O function dedicated instruction, that can be used in structured programs. (Sold separately)	SH-080785ENG
FXCPU Structured Programming Manual (Device & Common) Explains the devices and parameters provided in GX Works2 for structured programming. (Sold separately)	JY997D26001
FXCPU Structured Programming Manual (Basic & Applied Instruction) Explains the sequence instructions provided in GX Works2 for structured programming. (Sold separately)	JY997D34701
FXCPU Structured Programming Manual (Application Functions) Explains the application functions provided in GX Works2 for structured programming. (Sold separately)	JY997D34801

### 3) Operation of iQ Works

Manual name	Manual number
Let's start iQ Works Version 2 Explains fundamental methods for such as managing the system using MELSOFT Navigator and using system labels for users inexperienced with GX Works2. (Sold separately)	SH-081261ENG



● **Purpose of this manual**

This manual explains the operations for creating sequence programs with function blocks (FB) in Simple project using the functions supported by GX Works2.











Manuals for reference are listed in the following table according to their purpose.

For information such as the content and number of each manual, refer to the list of 'Related manuals'.

**1) Installation of GX Works2 and the USB driver**















Purpose	GX Works2 Installation Instructions	GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual
		Common
Learning the operating environment and installation method		
Learning a USB driver installation method		

**2) Operation of GX Works2**

Purpose	GX Works2 Beginner's Manual		GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual				
	Simple Project	Structured Project	Common	Simple Project		Structured Project	Intelligent Function Module
					Function Block		
Learning all functions of GX Works2							
Learning the project types and available languages in GX Works2							
Learning the basic operations and operating procedures when creating a simple project for the first time							
Learning the basic operations and operating procedures when creating a structured project for the first time							
Learning the operations of available functions regardless of project type.							
Learning the functions and operation methods for programming							
Learning the operations and operating procedures when using function blocks (FBs) in Simple project							
Learning data setting methods for intelligent function module							
















### 3) Operations in each programming language

For details of instructions used in each programming language, refer to the section 4 and the section 5 on the following pages.











Purpose		GX Works2 Beginner's Manual		GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual	
		Simple Project	Structured Project	Simple Project	Structured Project
Simple Project	Ladder Diagram				
	Sequential Function Chart				
	Structured Text				
Structured project	Ladder Diagram				
	Sequential Function Chart				
	Structured Ladder /FBD				
	Structured Text				

\*1 : MELSAP3 and FX series SFC only

#### 4) Details of instructions in each programming language (for QCPU (Q mode)/LCPU)

Purpose		MELSEC-Q/L/F Structured Programming Manual	MELSEC-Q/L Structured Programming Manual			MELSEC-Q/L Programming Manual	MELSEC-Q/L/QnA Programming Manual		Manual for module to be used
		Fundamentals	Common Instructions	Special Instructions	Application Functions	Common Instruction	PID Control Instructions	SFC	-
All languages	Learning details of programmable controller CPU error codes, special relays, and special registers								
Using Ladder Diagram	Learning the types and details of common instructions								
	Learning the types and details of instructions for intelligent function modules								
	Learning the types and details of instructions for network modules								
	Learning the types and details of instructions for the PID control function								
Using Sequential Function Chart	Learning details of specifications, functions, and instructions of SFC (MELSAP3)								
Using Structured Ladder/ FBD or Structured Text	Learning the fundamentals for creating a structured program								
	Learning the types and details of common instructions								
	Learning the types and details of instructions for intelligent function modules								
	Learning the types and details of instructions for network modules								
	Learning the types and details of instructions for the PID control function								
	Learning the types and details of application instructions								

5) Details of instructions in each programming language (for FXCPU)

Purpose		MELSEC-Q/L/F Structured Programming Manual	FXCPU Structured Programming Manual			FXCPU Programming Manual		
		Fundamentals	Device & Common	Sequence Instructions	Application Functions	FX0, FX0S, FX0N, FX1, FXU, FX2C	FX1S, FX1N, FX2N, FX1NC, FX2NC	FX3S, FX3G, FX3U, FX3GC, FX3UC
Using Ladder Diagram	Learning the types and details of basic/ application instructions, descriptions of devices and parameters							
Using Sequential Function Chart	Learning details of specifications, functions, and instructions of SFC							
Using Structured Ladder/ FBD or Structured Text	Learning the fundamentals for creating a structured program							
	Learning the descriptions of devices, parameters, and error codes							
	Learning the types and details of sequence instructions							
	Learning the types and details of application instructions							

● How to read this manual

**Screen display**  
Describes the screen display procedure. Follow the → and select [(menu)] to open the screen. \*Screen display may differ depending on the CPU type. In that case, typical example is described.

**Chapter heading**  
Index on the right of the page number clarifies the chapter of currently open page.

**Section title**  
Clarifies the section of currently open page.

2.3 Setting Local Labels

### 2.3.5 Assigning devices automatically

Devices are automatically assigned to labels during compilation. The device range to be automatically assigned to a label can be changed on the Device/Label Automatic-Assign Setting screen.

Set a range to be assigned not to overlap with devices used in a sequence program.

■ QCPU (Q mode)/LCPUCPU

**Screen display**  
Select [Tool] ⇒ [Device/Label Automatic-Assign Setting].

**Operating procedure**

- Set the items on the screen.

Item	Description
Latch selection field	Select latch (1) or latch (2). Select when the range of latch (1) or latch (2) is set on the <<Device>> tab of PLC parameters
Device	Display the devices to be assigned automatically.
Digit	Display whether the range of device assign setting is in decimal or hexadecimal.
Assignment Selection	Check the device to be assigned automatically. Multiple devices can be set.
Assignment Range	Enter the range of device points to be assigned automatically.
Total Points	Display the total points of each device range for VAR and VAR_RETAIN.
PLC Parameter Device Setting Range	Display the device point range set on the <<Device>> tab of PLC parameters. When the latch range is set, display the device point range with the latch range. Example) When D: 0 to 12287, latch D: 5000 to 6000 are set on the <<Device>> tab of PLC parameters, display range of D: 0 to 12287, range of latch D: 5000 to 6000.

2.3.5 Assigning devices automatically 2 - 9

1 OVERVIEW OF FUNCTION BLOCK (FBL)  
 2 Creation FBL  
 3 USING FBS  
 4 MANAGING AND EDITING FBS  
 5 USING FBL LIBRARIES  
 6 PROGRAM SAMPLES USING FBS  
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 I INDEX

**Operating procedure**  
Describes the operating procedure of the function.

**Reference location**  
☞ leads to the reference location and reference manual.

**Screen display**  
Select Project view ⇒ "POU" ⇒ "FB\_Pool" ⇒ "(Function Block)" ⇒ "Local Label".

**Operating procedure**

- Set the items on the screen.

Item	Description	Maximum number of characters
Class	Select a label class from the list displayed by clicking [▼]. (☞ Section 2.3.2)	—
Label Name	Enter a desired label name. For unusable characters, refer to ☞ App. 1.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Ladder: 32 characters (input, output, output labels: 16 characters)</li> <li>ST: 32 characters</li> </ul>
Data Type	Specify a data type from the Data Type Selection screen displayed by clicking [▼]. (☞ Section 2.3.4) It can also be entered directly.	128 characters
Constant	Enter a constant value when "VAR_CONSTANT" is selected for "Class" and simple type is selected for "Data Type".	128 characters
Comment <sup>1)2)</sup>	Enter a comment.	1024 characters

<sup>1)</sup>: A new line can be inserted in a call by pressing the [Enter] + [Enter] keys.  
<sup>2)</sup>: Display/Hide using a program editor can be switched by selecting [Display] ⇒ [Comment]/[Statement]/[Note].



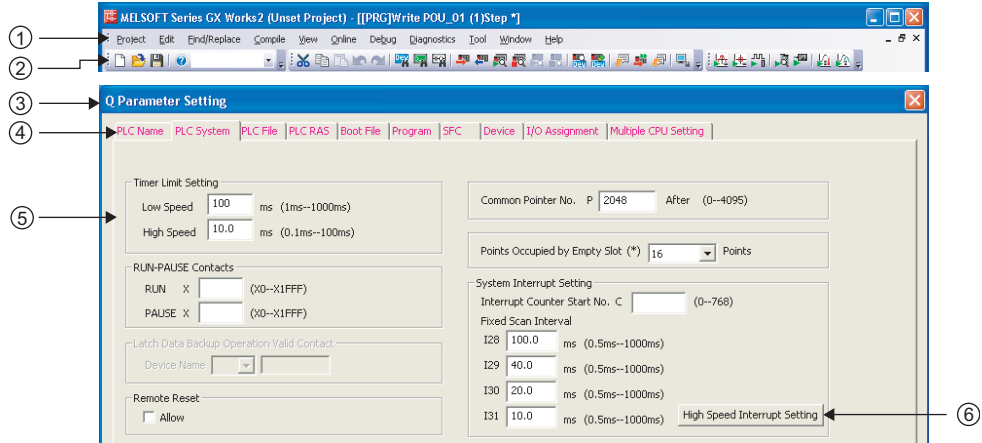
This manual also uses the following columns:



This explains notes requiring attention or useful functions relating to the information given on the same page.

● **Symbols used in this manual**

The following shows the symbols used in this manual with descriptions and examples.



No.	Symbol	Description	Example
①	[ ]	Menu name on a menu bar	[Project]
②		Toolbar icon	
③	<u>(Underline)</u>	Screen name	<u>Q Parameter Setting</u> screen
④	<< >>	Tab name on a screen	<<PLC System>>
⑤	" "	Item name on a screen	"Timer Limit Setting"
⑥		Button on a screen	button
-		Keyboard key	

## ■ GENERIC TERMS AND ABBREVIATIONS IN THIS MANUAL

The following are the generic terms/abbreviations of such as software packages and programmable controller CPUs used in this manual.

Generic term and abbreviation	Description
GX Works2	Generic product name for SWnDND-GXW2-E and SWnDNC-GXW2-E (n: version)
GX Developer	Generic product name for SWnD5C-GPPW-E, SWnD5C-GPPW-EA, SWnD5C-GPPW-EV, and SWnD5C-GPPW-EVA (n: version)
Personal computer	Generic term for personal computers on which Windows® operates
Basic model QCPU	Generic term for Q00J, Q00, and Q01
High Performance model QCPU	Generic term for Q02, Q02H, Q06H, Q12H, and Q25H
Process CPU	Generic term for Q02PHCPU, Q06PHCPU, Q12PHCPU, and Q25PHCPU
Redundant CPU	Generic term for Q12PRHCPU and Q25PRHCPU
Universal model QCPU	Generic term for Q00UJ, Q00U, Q01U, Q02U, Q03UD, Q03UDE, Q03UDV, Q04UDH, Q04UDEH, Q04UDV, Q04UDPV, Q06UDH, Q06UDEH, Q06UDV, Q06UDPV, Q10UDH, Q10UDEH, Q13UDH, Q13UDEH, Q13UDV, Q13UDPV, Q20UDH, Q20UDEH, Q26UDH, Q26UDEH, Q26UDV, Q26UDPV, Q50UDEH, and Q100UDEH
QCPU (Q mode)	Generic term for Basic model QCPU, High Performance model QCPU, Process CPU, Redundant CPU, and Universal model QCPU
LCPU	Generic term for L02S, L02S-P, L02, L02-P, L06, L06-P, L26, L26-P, L26-BT, and L26-PBT
FXCPU	Generic term for FX0S, FX0, FX0N, FX1, FX1S, FX1N, FX1NC, FXU, FX2C, FX2N, FX2NC, FX3S, FX3G, FX3GC, FX3U, FX3UC
SFC	Generic term for MELSAP3, MELSAP-L, and FX series SFC
MELSOFT Library	Generic term for components (FB library, sample programs, drawing data) which provide easy operation of programmable controller related modules and GOTs, and various devices that are connected to them Contact your local Mitsubishi Electric sales office or representative to obtain components of MELSOFT Library.
FB	Abbreviation for a function block

## ■ TERMS

The following are the terms used in this manual.

Term	Description
Actual device	An actual device assigned to label after compiling a project with labels, or a device that is not described using a label
Common instruction	Generic term for sequence instructions, basic instructions, application instructions, data link instructions, multiple CPU dedicated instructions, and multiple CPU high-speed transmission dedicated instructions
Special instruction	Generic term for module dedicated instructions, PID control instructions, socket communication function instructions, built-in I/O function instructions, and data logging function instructions
Simple Project	Generic term for projects created using Ladder Diagram, Sequential Function Chart, Structured Text
Without labels	Generic term for projects created without selecting "Use Label" when creating new projects
With labels	Generic term for projects created with selecting "Use Label" when creating new projects
Project without labels	Generic term for Simple projects that do not use labels
Project with labels	Generic term for Simple projects that use labels and Structured projects
Project with security	Generic term for projects whose securities are set
Utilization	To paste FB to a sequence program
Reuse	To use FB to other project
Library (project)	A project to be used as an FB library
FB instance	An FB pasted to a sequence program
Global label	A label which becomes effective for all program data when multiple program data items are created in a project
Local label	A label which becomes effective only for each program data Set for each program data.
Structure	A data type which allows various device types (bit device, word device, etc.) to be stored in single aggregate (single data)
Array	A data type which allows the same device type to be stored in a consecutive area

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# 1 OVERVIEW OF FUNCTION BLOCKS

This chapter explains features of FBs, overview of labels, and work flow for using FBs.

1.1	Function Blocks (FBs)	1 - 2
1.2	Features of FBs	1 - 3
1.3	Labels	1 - 4
1.4	Programming Flow with FBs	1 - 5
1.5	Overview of Screen Configuration	1 - 8

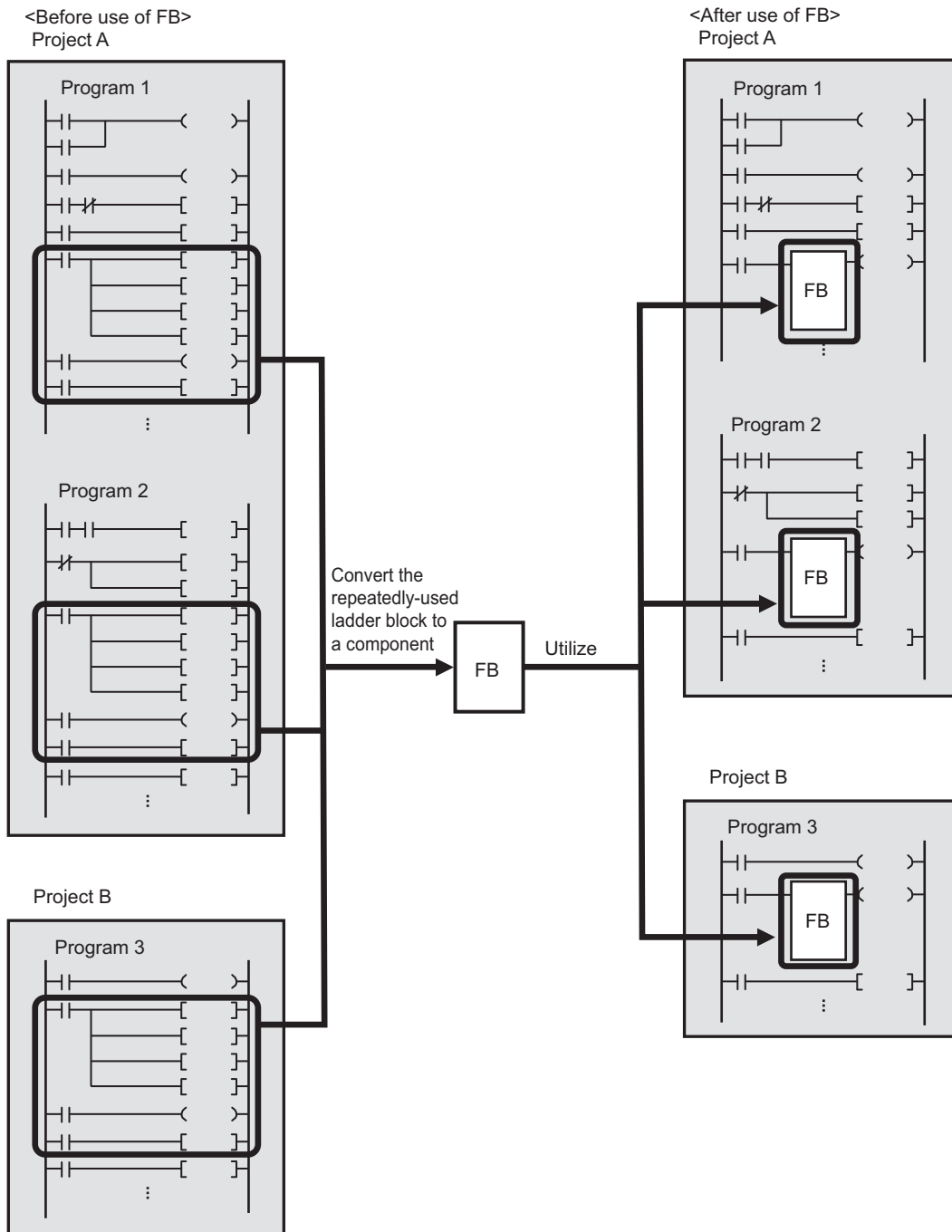
## 1.1 Function Blocks (FBs)

An FB is designed to convert a ladder block, which is used repeatedly in a sequence program, into a component to be utilized in a sequence program.

FBs can be used in projects with labels.

This manual explains FBs used in Simple projects. In the operation examples, Ladder Diagram is selected as a programming language, but Structured Text can also be selected.

Note, however, that FXCPU Simple projects do not support Structured Text.



## 1.2 Features of FBs

### ■ Creating programs efficiently

Converting a standard program into a component as a single block enables the program to be utilized easily. As an easy utilization for a sequence program is possible, the efficiency of creating a large-scale program is improved. In addition, converting a program into a component improves program readability and eases editing and debugging.

### ■ Consistency of program quality

Converting a program into a component as an FB to utilize the program allows consistency of program quality, without relying on the technological skills of the program developers. In addition, programming mistakes which may occur at the time of utilization can be prevented.

### ■ Reducing program creation man-hours with FB libraries

With QCPU (Q mode)/LCPU, man-hours for creating a program can be reduced using FB libraries. There are FB libraries which support various devices such as CPU modules, analog input/output modules, and counter modules. FB libraries which support partner products are also supplied.

### ■ Programming languages according to the intended use are selectable

In Simple projects, Ladder Diagram or Structured Text can be selected as a programming language for FBs.

The optimum programming language which meets the intended use can be selected to create FBs. FXCPU Simple project supports only Ladder Diagram.

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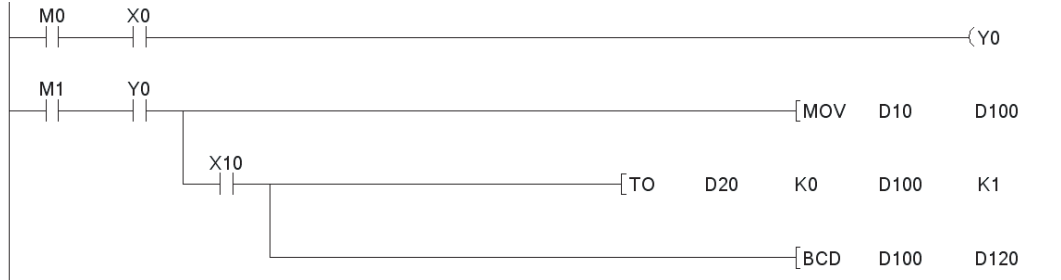
## 1.3 Labels

A label is a character string which represents a device.

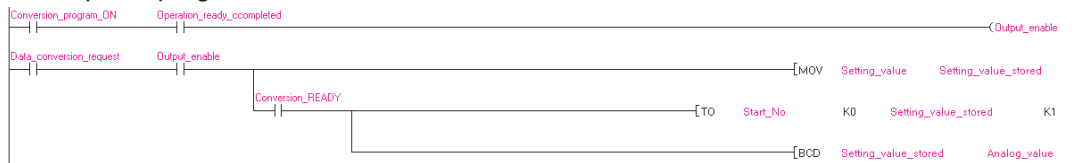
Using labels allows a program to be created without considering devices in the program.

Therefore, a program with labels can be easily utilized even for a system with different module configuration.

<Example of program with devices>



<Example of program with labels>



### ■ Global labels and local labels

There are two types of labels, global labels and local labels.

- Global labels  
Global labels are shared among all sequence programs in a project. A specific device can be assigned to a global label.
- Local labels  
Local labels are used only in a single sequence program. They cannot be shared even if local labels with the same name are set for multiple sequence programs. Different devices are assigned to local labels for each sequence program.



## 1.4 Programming Flow with FBs

This manual explains the operating procedures with examples of FBs used on QCPU (Q mode)/LCPU. For the instructions and functions which are available for FXCPU, refer to the following manuals.

☞ FXCPU user's manuals and programming manuals

### 1.4.1 FB creation procedure

#### Operating procedure

##### 1. Creating a project for FBs

Procedure	Reference
Create a project with labels.	Section 2.1



##### 2. Creating new FB data

Procedure	Reference
Create new FB data.	Section 2.2



##### 3. Setting local labels

Procedure	Reference
Set local labels to be used for the FB program.	Section 2.3



##### 4. Creating an FB program

Procedure	Reference
Create an FB program using labels.	Section 2.4









##### 5. Converting FBs

Procedure	Reference
Conversion finalizes the edited FB program content.	Section 2.5

### *Point*

#### ● Operations for created FBs

- Reading programs from programmable controller CPU ( Section 4.1)
  - Utilizing FBs ( Section 4.2)
  - Changing FB instance names ( Section 4.4)
  - Deleting FBs ( Section 4.5)
  - Protecting FBs ( Section 4.6)
  - Searching/replacing FB instance names and labels ( Section 4.7)
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## 1.4.2 Sequence program creation procedure using FBs

### Operating procedure

#### 1. Pasting FBs

Procedure	Reference
Paste FBs to the sequence program.	Section 3.1.1
Paste FBs of the FB Library to the sequence program.	Chapter 5



#### 2. Creating input/output circuits of an FB instance.

Procedure	Reference
Create input and output circuits of the FB instance.	Section 3.1.2



#### 3. Converting/compiling a sequence program

Procedure	Reference
Convert/compile the sequence program.	Section 3.1.4



#### 4. Writing a program to a programmable controller CPU

Procedure	Reference
Write the sequence program to the programmable controller CPU.	Section 3.1.5



#### 5. Checking the operation

Procedure	Reference
Monitor the operation of the sequence program written to the programmable controller CPU.	Section 3.2

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## 1.5 Overview of Screen Configuration

### 1.5.1 Main frame configuration

This section explains the screen configuration of the main frame (basic screen) of GX Works2 that is displayed when it is started up. The following is an example of a screen on which a work window and docked windows are displayed.

#### Screen display

The screenshot displays the MELSOFT Series GX Works2 software interface. The main work window shows a ladder logic diagram with a function block instance labeled 'FB instance (Entity)'. The diagram includes components like 'B\_FB\_EN Operator in switch', 'B\_L\_sensor\_01 Sensor', 'W\_L\_counter Number of boxes to be added', 'o\_conveyor\_01 Conveyor', 'o\_buzzer\_01 Buzzer', and 'FB\_OK\_01 Normal end'. A 'Navigation' window on the left shows a tree view with 'MAIN' and 'FB' folders. A 'Cross Reference' docked window at the bottom displays a table of cross-reference information.

Device/Label	Device	Instruction	Ladder Symbol	Position	Data Name
X0	X0	LDP	[PI]	Step No.1	MAIN
X1	X1	LD	[I]	Step No.4	MAIN
M6	M6	MOV	[I]	Step No.9	MAIN
conveyor_01_1	M6185			Step No.12	MAIN
conveyor_01_1_FB...	M6185			Step No.15	MAIN
conveyor_01_1_1...	M6184			Step No.16	MAIN
conveyor_01_1_1_s...	X1			Step No.17	MAIN
conveyor_01_1_o...	M6183			Step No.18	MAIN
conveyor_01_1_L...	D12205			Step No.19	MAIN

Labels on the left side of the screenshot point to various interface elements: Title bar, Menu bar, Toolbar, Navigation window, Sequence program, FB data, Work window, and Status bar. Labels on the right side point to: FB component, Element Selection window, and Docked window.

## Display contents

Name	Description	Reference
Title bar	Display a project name.	—
Menu bar	Display menu options for executing each function.	—
Toolbar	Display tool buttons for executing each function.	GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Simple Project)
Work window	A main screen used for operations such as programming, parameter setting, and monitoring.	GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Common)
Docking window	A sub screen to support operations performed on a work window.	
Navigation	Display contents of a project in tree format.	Section 3.1.1
Element Selection	Display a list of functions (such as FBs) used for programming.	
FB component	An FB registered as a component	
Output	Display compilation and check results (errors and warnings).	GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Simple Project)
Cross Reference	Display cross reference results.	GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Common)
Device List	Display the device list.	
Watch 1 to 4	A screen used for monitoring and changing current device values.	
Intelligent function module monitor 1 to 10	A screen used for monitoring intelligent function modules.	
Find/Replace	A screen used for searching and replacing character strings in the project.	
Debug	A screen used for setting the debug which uses the simulation function.	
Status bar	Display information about a project being edited.	
Sequence program	A program and local labels.	—
FB data	A program and local labels of FB.	—
FB instance (entity)	An FB pasted to a sequence program.	—

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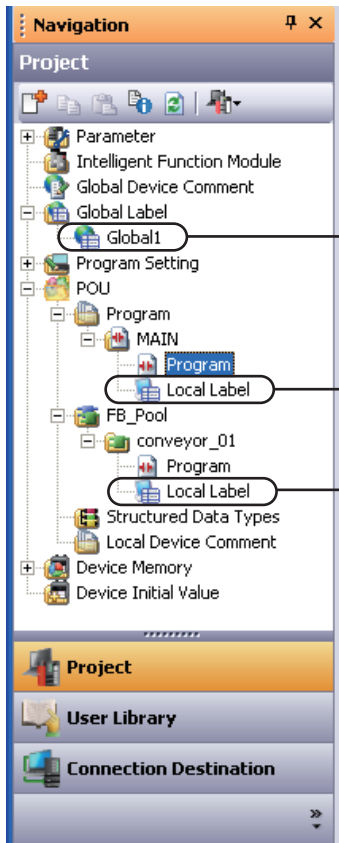
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## 1.5.2 Label setting editor

This section explains the configurations of label setting editor.



**Global Label Setting screen**  
 Define labels that can be used for all sequence programs in the project.  
 (GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Simple Project))

Class	Label Name	Data Type	Constant	Device
VAR_GLOBAL	Setel	Word(Signed)		

**Local Label Setting screen**  
 Define labels that can be used only for each sequence program.  
 (GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Simple Project))

Class	Label Name	Data Type	Constant	Device
VAR	conveyor_01_1	conveyor_01		
VAR	conveyor_01_2	conveyor_01		

**Function/FB Label Setting screen**  
 Define labels that can be used only for FBs. (\*1)

Class	Label Name	Data Type	Constant	Comment
VAR_INPUT	FB_EN	Bit		Operation switch
VAR_INPUT	i_sensor	Bit		Sensor
VAR_OUTPUT	FB_END	Bit		FB is running
VAR_OUTPUT	FB_OK	Bit		Normal end
VAR_OUTPUT	o_conveyor	Bit		Conveyor
VAR_OUTPUT	o_buzzer	Bit		Buzzer
VAR_INPUT	i_counter	Word(Signed)		Number of boxes to be loaded
VAR	counter	Word(Signed)		Remaining number of boxes
VAR	counter_end	Bit		Loading completed
VAR	conveyor_end	Bit		Conveyor driving ended
VAR	tmer1	Word(Signed)		3-second measurement(start)
VAR	tmer2	Word(Signed)		3-second measurement(stop)

\*1 : Section 2.3

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# 2 CREATING FUNCTION BLOCKS

This chapter explains how to create FBs.

For the basic operations of GX Works2, refer to the following manuals.

☞ GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Common)

☞ GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Simple Project)

2.1	Creating Projects for FBs	2 - 2
2.2	Creating New FB Data	2 - 3
2.3	Setting Local Labels	2 - 5
2.4	Creating FB Programs	2 - 13
2.5	Converting FBs	2 - 14
2.6	Considerations when Creating FB Programs	2 - 15

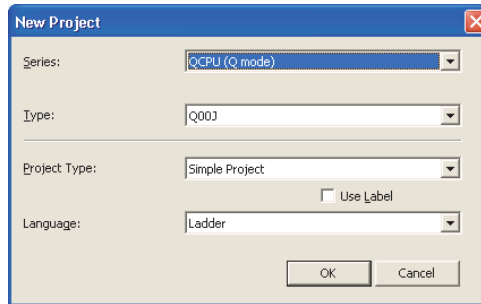
## 2.1 Creating Projects for FBs

This section explains how to create a project with labels for creating FBs.

### Operating procedure

#### 1. Select [Project] ⇒ [New] ( ).

The New Project screen is displayed.

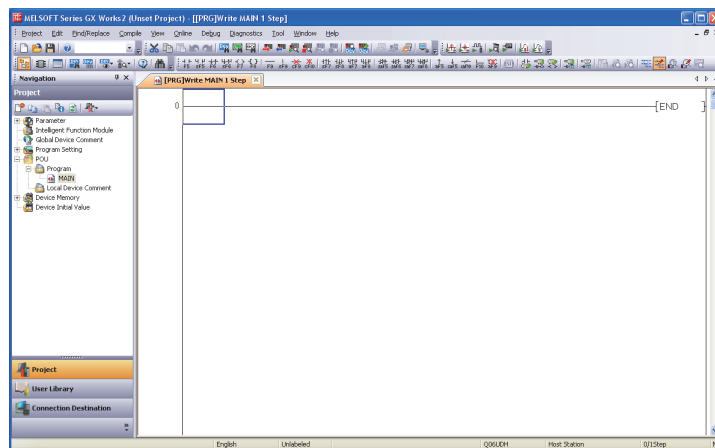


#### 2. Set the items on the screen.

Item	Description
Series	Select a programmable controller series for the project.
Type	Select a programmable controller type (programmable controller CPU model) used for the project.
Project Type	Select "Simple Project".
Use Label	Select the item.
Language	Select a programming language to be used.

#### 3. Click the button.

A new project is created.



### Point

#### ● Existing projects

FBs can be created in an existing project with labels.


For a project without labels, select [Project] ⇒ [Change Project Type] to change the project to a project with labels, and create FBs.



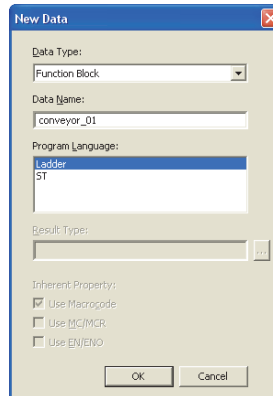
## 2.2 Creating New FB Data

This section explains how to create new FB data in a project with labels.



### Operating procedure

1. Select [Project] ⇒ [Object] ⇒ [New] (  ).

The New Data screen is displayed.

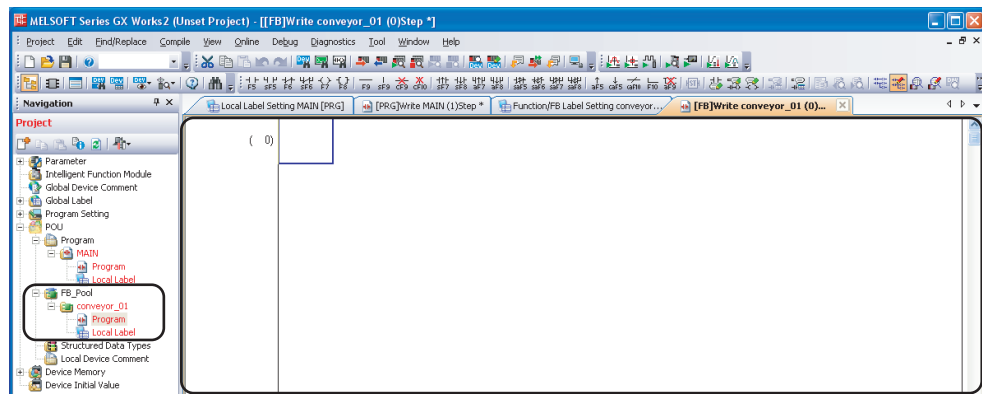


2. Set the items on the screen.

Item	Description
Data Type	Select "Function Block".
Data Name	Enter a data name of an FB to be created with a maximum of 32 characters. For unusable characters, refer to the following manuals.  Appendix 1  GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Common)
Program Language	Select a programming language to be used. The programming languages available for FB creation in Simple projects are Ladder Diagram and Structured Text. FXCPU Simple projects support Ladder Diagram only.

3. Click the  button.

The newly created FB data is added under "FB\_Pool" on the Project view, and the FB editing screen is displayed on the work window.



### *Point*

- **Maximum number of data to be created**

Up to 800 FB data including other data types such as programs can be created.

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## 2.3 Setting Local Labels

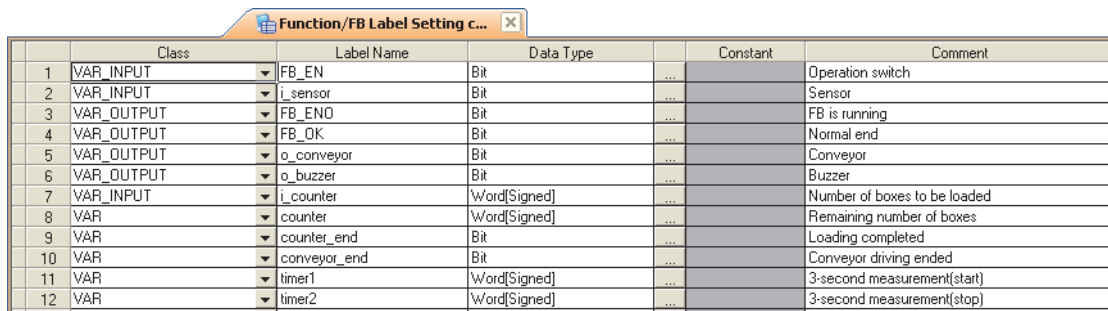
This section explains how to define labels to be used in an FB program.

### 2.3.1 Setting labels on Function/FB Label Setting screen

Set items such as label classes, label names, and data types.

#### Screen display







Select Project view ⇒ "POU" ⇒ "FB\_Pool" ⇒ "(function block)" ⇒ "Local Label".





	Class	Label Name	Data Type	Constant	Comment
1	VAR_INPUT	FB_EN	Bit	...	Operation switch
2	VAR_INPUT	i_sensor	Bit	...	Sensor
3	VAR_OUTPUT	FB_END	Bit	...	FB is running
4	VAR_OUTPUT	FB_OK	Bit	...	Normal end
5	VAR_OUTPUT	o_conveyor	Bit	...	Conveyor
6	VAR_OUTPUT	o_buzzer	Bit	...	Buzzer
7	VAR_INPUT	i_counter	Word(Signed)	...	Number of boxes to be loaded
8	VAR	counter	Word(Signed)	...	Remaining number of boxes
9	VAR	counter_end	Bit	...	Loading completed
10	VAR	conveyor_end	Bit	...	Conveyor driving ended
11	VAR	timer1	Word(Signed)	...	3-second measurement(start)
12	VAR	timer2	Word(Signed)	...	3-second measurement(stop)

#### Operating procedure

- Set the items on the screen.

Item	Description	Maximum number of characters
Class	Select a label class from the list displayed by clicking  . (  Section 2.3.2)	—
Label Name	Enter a desired label name. For unusable characters, refer to the following manuals.  Appendix 1  GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Common)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Ladder Diagram 32 (Input, output, input/output labels: 16)</li> <li>Structured Text 32</li> </ul>
Data Type	Specify a data type from the <u>Data Type Selection</u> screen displayed by clicking  . (  Section 2.3.4) It can also be entered directly.	128
Constant	Enter a constant value when "VAR_CONSTANT" is selected for "Class" and simple type is selected for "Data Type".	128
Comment*1,*2	Enter a comment.	1024

\*1 : A new line can be inserted into a cell by pressing the  +  keys.

\*2 : Comments on a program editor can be displayed/hidden by selecting [View] ⇒ [Comment]/[Statement]/[Note].

**Point**

● **Class setting**

When an item other than the class, such as a label name and data type, is set in a blank column, "VAR" is automatically set for "Class". Change it if necessary.

● **Characters that cannot be used for label names**

Any of the following label names causes an error at compilation.

- A label name that includes a space.
- A label name that begins with a numeral.
- A label name which is same as the one used for devices.

For unusable characters, refer to the following manuals.

☞ Appendix 1

☞ GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Common)

● **When the local label setting of an FB is changed**

When the local label setting of an FB pasted to a sequence program is changed, compile the program or all programs. The change of input/output label is applied to the sequence program to which the FB is pasted at compilation. Note that the change is not applied when the FB instance name is not registered in the global label setting or local label setting.

■ **Maximum number of input/output labels**

The maximum number of input/output labels which can be used in an FB program differs according to the programming language.

When setting input/output labels with local label setting of FB, set within the number of the input/output labels shown in the following table.

Programming language of FB	Applicable number of labels in an FB program	
	Input	Output
Ladder Diagram	1 to 24*1 (Including input/output labels)	1 to 24*1 (Including input/output labels)
Structured Text	0 to 253*2 (Including input/output labels)	

\*1 : For input/output labels, each input label and output label is counted as one label.

\*2 : When pasting labels to a sequence program in Ladder Diagram, the applicable number of input/output labels is 1 to 24 (including input/output labels). Each input label and output label is counted as one label.

**2.3.2 Classes**

A class indicates the POU applicability and the usage of label.

Selectable classes differ according to the type of label setting editor.

The following table shows the selectable classes on the Function/FB Label Setting screen.

Class	Description
VAR	An internal-variable label that can be used for FB programs.
VAR_CONSTANT	A constant label that can be used for FB programs.
VAR_RETAIN*1	A latch-type label that is used for FB programs.
VAR_INPUT	A label that is used for an input of FB program (input label). Its value cannot be changed in an FB program.
VAR_OUTPUT	A label that is used for an output of FB program (output label).
VAR_IN_OUT	A label that can be used for both input and output with the same name (input/output label). Its value can be changed in an FB program.

\*1 : Not supported by FXCPU.

## 2.3.3 Data types

Data types of label are shown in the following table.

Note that applicable data types differ according to the programming language.

○: Applicable, ×: Not applicable

Data type	Programming language	
	Ladder Diagram	Structured Text
Bit	○	○
Word [signed]	○	○
Double word [signed]	○	○
Word [unsigned]/16-bit string	×	○
Double word [unsigned]/32-bit string	×	○
Single-precision real*1	○	○
Double-precision real*2	○	○
String*3	○	○
Time	×	○
Timer	○*4	×
Counter	○*4	×
Retentive timer*5	○*4	×
Pointer	○*4	×

\*1 : For FXCPU, this item is supported by FX2N, FX2NC, FX3S, FX3G, FX3GC, FX3U, and FX3UC only.

\*2 : Supported by Universal model QCPU/LCPU only.

\*3 : For FXCPU, this item is supported by FX3U and FX3UC only.

\*4 : The data type cannot be used as input/output labels when pasting an FB to a ladder program.

\*5 : For FXCPU, this item is supported by FX1N, FX1NC, FX2N, FX2NC, FX3S, FX3G, FX3GC, FX3U, and FX3UC only.

For value ranges and details of each data type, refer to the following manuals.

- QCPU (Q mode)/LCPU
  - ☞ CPU user's manuals (Function Explanation, Program Fundamentals)
  - ☞ MELSEC-Q/L Programming Manual (Common Instruction)
- FXCPU
  - ☞ FXCPU user's manuals and programming manuals


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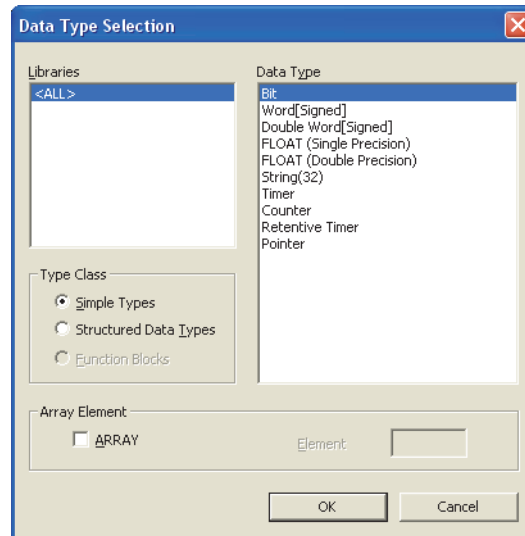
## 2.3.4 Selecting data types

Selecting data type.


A data type can be specified by directly entering the type in text or selecting it on the Data Type Selection screen.

### Operating procedure

1. Click  on the data type entry field on the Function/FB Label Setting screen.  
The Data Type Selection screen is displayed.

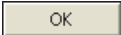


2. Select a type for "Type Class".

Item	Description
Simple Types	Specify this to select a data type from basic types such as bit and word.
Structured Data Types	Specify this to select a data type from the defined structures. For details of structures, refer to the following manual.  GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Simple Project)
Function Blocks	Specify this to select a data type from the defined function blocks.

3. On the "Libraries" field, select the reference source such as the defined structure that is used as the data type.

Item	Description
<ALL>	Browse data types, structures, and function blocks defined in the project, and all libraries.
<PROJECT>	Browse data types, structures, and function blocks defined in the project. (Not displayed when "Simple Types" is selected.)
Standard Lib	Browse function blocks of application functions. (Not displayed when "Simple Types" or "Structured Data Types" is selected.)

4. On the "Data Type" field, select the data type, structure, or function block name.
5. Click the  button when the setting is completed.


The settings are displayed on the "Data Type" column on the Function/FB Label Setting screen.

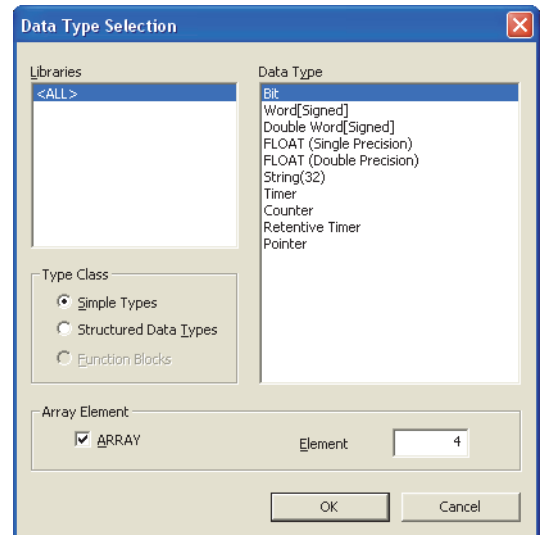
## ■ Setting arrays for data type

Define the data type as an array.

To define a data type as an array, set the items of "Array Element" on the Data Type Selection screen.

### Operation

1. Click  on the data type entry field on the Function/FB Label Setting screen. The Data Type Selection screen is displayed.
2. Select "ARRAY" under "Array Element".
3. Enter the number of elements for "Element".
4. Set the data type of the array element in the same manner as setting the normal data type.



### ● To change the offset

To change the offset ([Array start value]..[Array end value]) to a value other than 0, edit the offset value by directly entering the array declaration in text on the Function/FB Label Setting screen.

	Class	Label Name	Data Type
1	VAR_INPUT	i_Setting_A	Bit(0..2)
2	VAR_INPUT	i_Setting_B	Bit(2..6)
3	VAR_INPUT	i_Setting_C	String(32)

Enter the array declaration.

### ● To change the array to a two- or three-dimensional array

When the programming language is ST, a two- or three-dimensional array can be set. Edit by directly entering the array declaration in text on the Function/FB Label Setting screen.

	Class	Label Name	Data Type
1	VAR_INPUT	i_Setting_A	Bit(0..2)
2	VAR_INPUT	i_Setting_B	Bit(2..6,2..6)
3	VAR_INPUT	i_Setting_C	Bit(0..2,0..2,0..2)

Enter the array declaration.

### Point

#### ● A label whose class is VAR\_CONSTANT

An array cannot be set for the data type. If an array is set, an error occurs at compilation.

#### ● Offset values

Minus values can be set for offset values.

#### ● Using arrays in ladder programs

The labels of two- or three-dimensional array and structure array cannot be used in ladder programs.

### 2.3.5 Assigning devices automatically

Devices are automatically assigned to labels when a program is compiled.

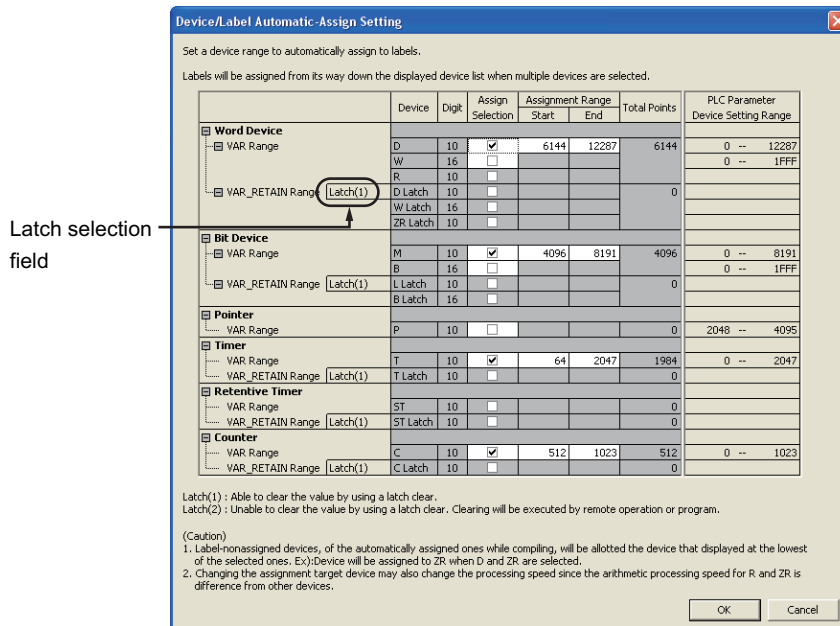
The ranges of devices which are automatically assigned to labels can be changed on the Device/Label Automatic-Assign Setting screen.

Set the ranges not to overlap with devices used in a sequence program.

#### ■ QCPU (Q mode)/LCP

#### Screen display

Select [Tool] ⇒ [Device/Label Automatic-Assign Setting].



#### Operating procedure

- Set the items on the screen.

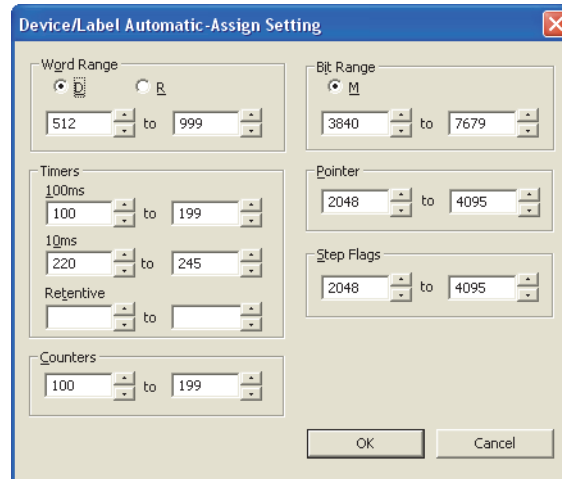
Item	Description
Latch selection field	Select latch (1) or latch (2). This item can be selected when the range of latch (1) or latch (2) is set on the <<Device>> tab of PLC parameter.
Device	Display the devices to be assigned automatically.
Digit	Display whether the range of device assignment setting is in decimal or hexadecimal.
Assignment Selection	Select the device to be assigned automatically. Multiple devices can be set.
Assignment Range	Start End
	Enter the range of device points to be assigned automatically.
Total Points	Display the total points of each device range for VAR and VAR_RETAIN.
PLC Parameter Device Setting Range	Display the device point range set on the <<Device>> tab of PLC parameter. When the latch range is set, display the device point range with the latch range. Example: When D: 0 to 12287, latch D: 5000 to 6000 are set on the <<Device>> tab of PLC parameter, display range of D: 0 to 12287, range of latch D: 5000 to 6000.



## ■ FXCPU

### Screen display

Select [Tool] ⇒ [Device/Label Automatic-Assign Setting].



### Operating procedure

- Select the device type, and set the start and end addresses to be assigned automatically.

### ■ Considerations of automatically assigned devices

---

#### ● Considerations when changing automatically assigned devices

All programs need to be compiled when the range of automatically assigned device is changed. Compiling all programs changes the device assignment to labels. Therefore, device values set before the program change remain on the device-assigned labels.

For QCPU (Q mode)/LCPU, reset the programmable controller CPU, clear all device memories including latches, clear all file registers, then switch the programmable controller CPU to RUN for a precautionary measure.

(☞ GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Common))

For the considerations for compiling all programs, refer to the following manual.

(☞ GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Simple Project))

#### ● Assigning devices with the "Device/Label Automatic-Assign Setting" function

Assign devices to labels with the "Device/Label Automatic-Assign Setting" function when a program is compiled.

(☞ GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Simple Project))

The assigned devices can be checked with the cross reference function.

(☞ GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Common))

Devices within the range set on the Device/Label Automatic-Assign Setting screen cannot be used in a program.

#### ● Considerations when the multiple types of devices are assigned automatically (QCPU (Q mode)/LCPU)

Refer to Considerations of compilation.

(☞ GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Simple Project))

#### ● Device types and setting ranges

The types of automatically assigned devices differ by the type of CPU.

The setting ranges depend on the number of device points set in PLC parameter.

For details of PLC parameter, refer to the following manual.

(☞ GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Common))

#### ● Considerations when displaying the Device/Label Automatic-Assign Setting screen

When displaying the Device/Label Automatic-Assign Setting screen, an error message may be displayed.

In this case, terminate GX Works2, copy "vsflex8n.ocx" stored in the folder of GX Works2 installation destination to "C:\WINDOWS\system32," and restart GX Works2.

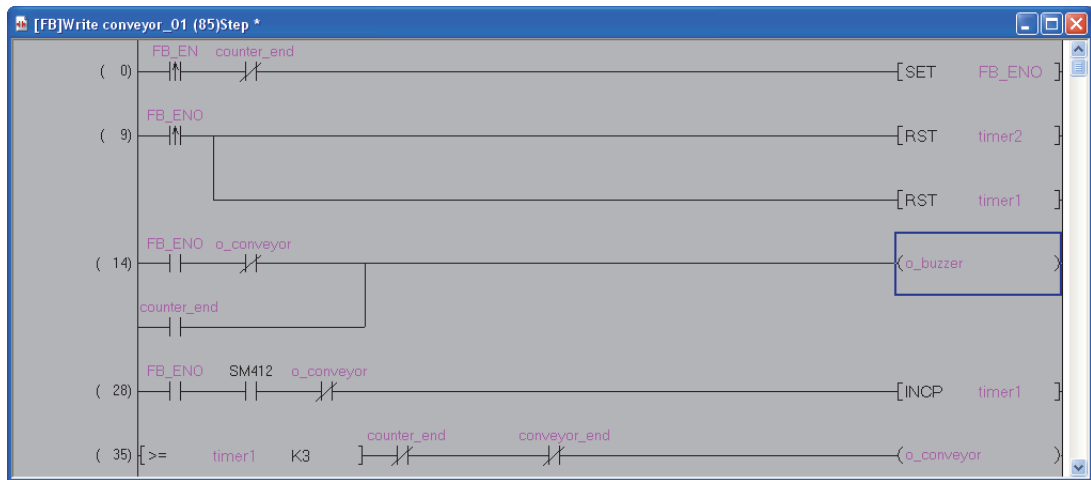
## 2.4 Creating FB Programs

This section explains how to create an FB program using labels.

Labels set on the Function/FB Label Setting screen and global labels can be used.

### Operating procedure

1. Select Project view ⇒ "POU" ⇒ "FB\_Pool" ⇒ "(function block)" ⇒ "Program".  
The FB editing screen is displayed.
2. Create an FB program.



For the program creation method, refer to the following manual.

☞ GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Simple Project)

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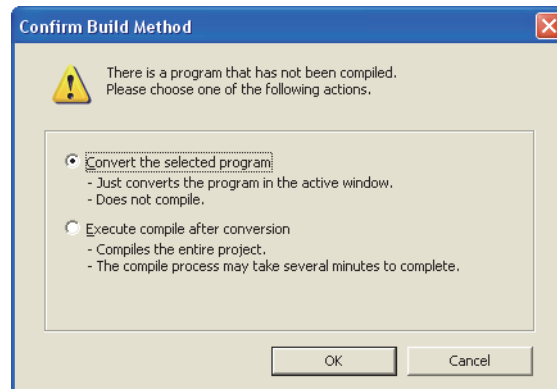
## 2.5 Converting FBs

For FB programs in Ladder Diagram, the edited content can be confirmed by converting the program.

### Operating procedure

1. Select [Compile] ⇒ [Build] (  ).

The Confirm Build Method screen is displayed.



2. Select "Convert the selected program" and click the  button.

The edited content of the FB program is confirmed.

## 2.6 Considerations when Creating FB Programs

This section explains considerations for creating FB programs.

**1) Use of inline structured text in FB programs**

Function blocks using inline structured text programs cannot be used in function block programs.

**2) Use of actual devices**

Using labels is recommended for creating FB programs.

If an FB program which uses actual devices (X10, Y10, etc.) is used at multiple locations, the program may not operate normally.

In addition, if an FB program which uses actual devices for the OUT instruction is used at multiple locations, duplicated coil is resulted. Duplicated coil can be avoided with the SET/RST instruction.

**3) When using master control instructions**

When using a master control instruction in an FB program, use the MC instruction and the MCR instruction together.

**4) When using FBs for a sequence program to be executed multiple times in a single scan**

If an FB, which contains a rising instruction, falling instruction, or an instruction that requires multiple scans before the execution completion, is used in a sequence program to be executed multiple times in a single scan, the program may not operate normally.

Item	Description
Program to be executed multiple times in a single scan	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fixed-cycle execution type program</li> <li>• Interrupt program</li> <li>• Subroutine program</li> <li>• FOR-NEXT instruction program</li> </ul>
Unusable instructions for FBs which are used for above programs	Instruction which requires multiple scans before the execution completion (JP.READ/JP.WRITE instruction, SORT instruction, SP.FREAD/SP.FWRITE instruction, etc.)
	Rising instruction (□P instruction (such as MOVP instruction), PLS, etc.)
	Falling instruction (PLF, LDF, ANDF, ORF, MEF, FCALLP, EFCALLP, etc.)

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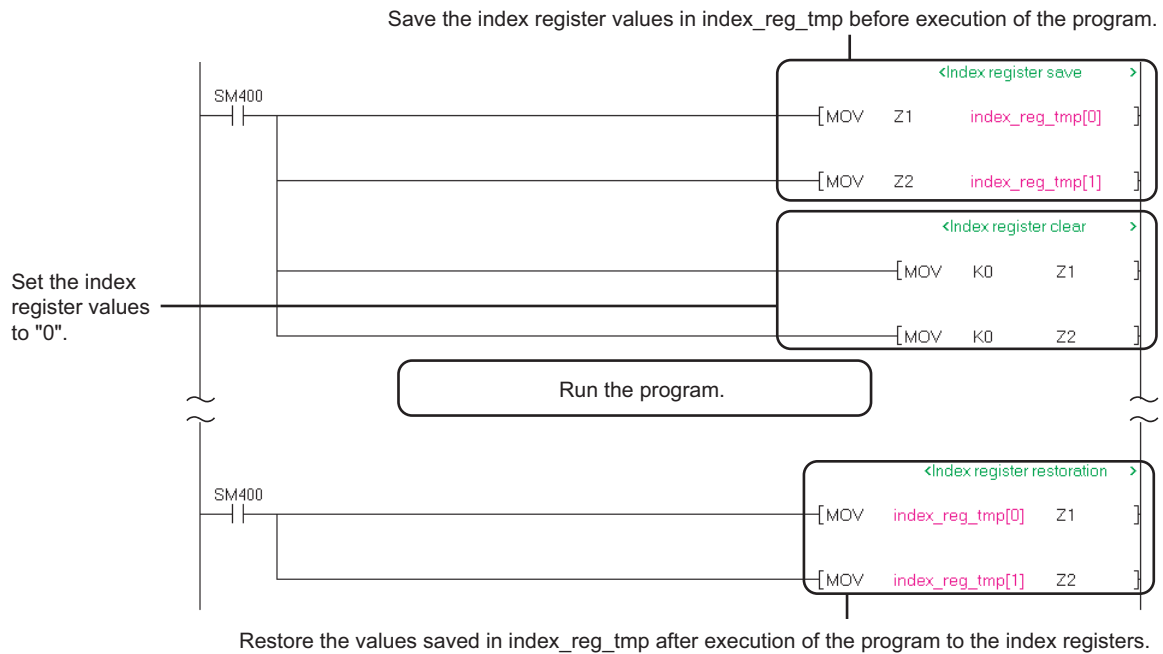
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5) When using index registers in FB programs

When using index registers in an FB program, a save program and a restore program are required to protect the index register values.

Through a method that the index register value is set to 0 when its value is temporarily saved, an operation error, which is detected by the consistency check of index modification (whether if the device number exceeds the device range), can be prevented.

Example: When the values of index registers Z1 and Z2 are temporarily saved in the FB program before the execution of the program and the saved values of the index registers are restored after execution of the program.



6) Specification of start I/O numbers of intelligent function modules

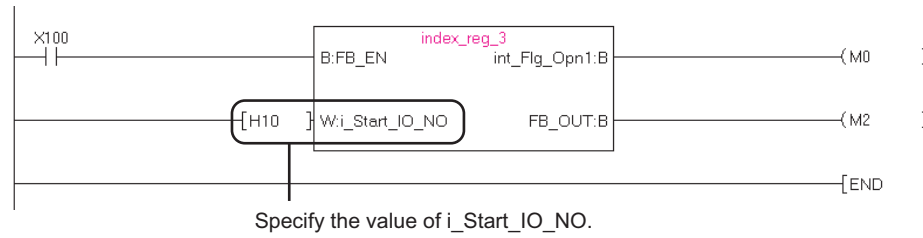
When accessing to the buffer memory or input/output signals of an intelligent function module, specify the start I/O number using an index register.

Receiving the start I/O number as an input variable enables a common FB to be used without changing the start I/O numbers of the multiple intelligent function modules whose mounting positions differ.

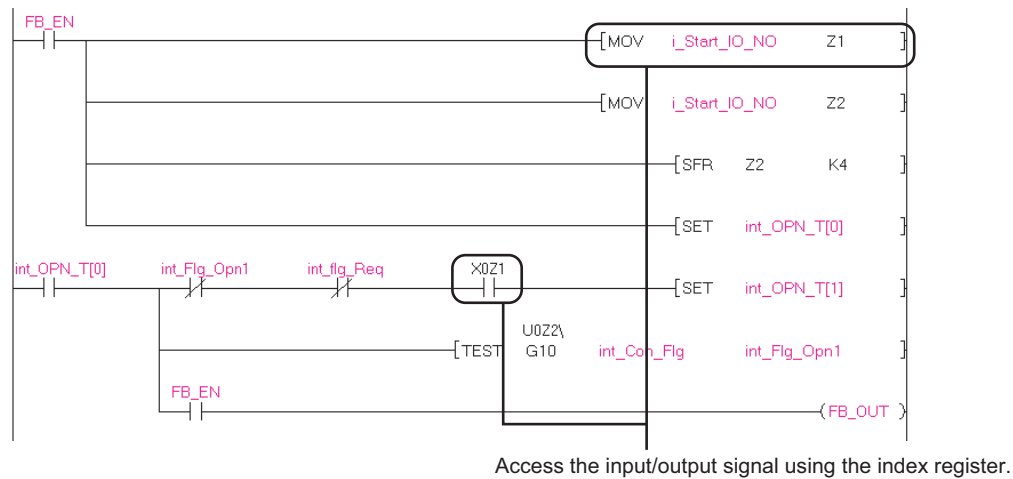
Example 1: When accessing the input/output signals of an intelligent function module

Using an index register enables access to the input/output signals of a target intelligent function module.

<Sequence program>



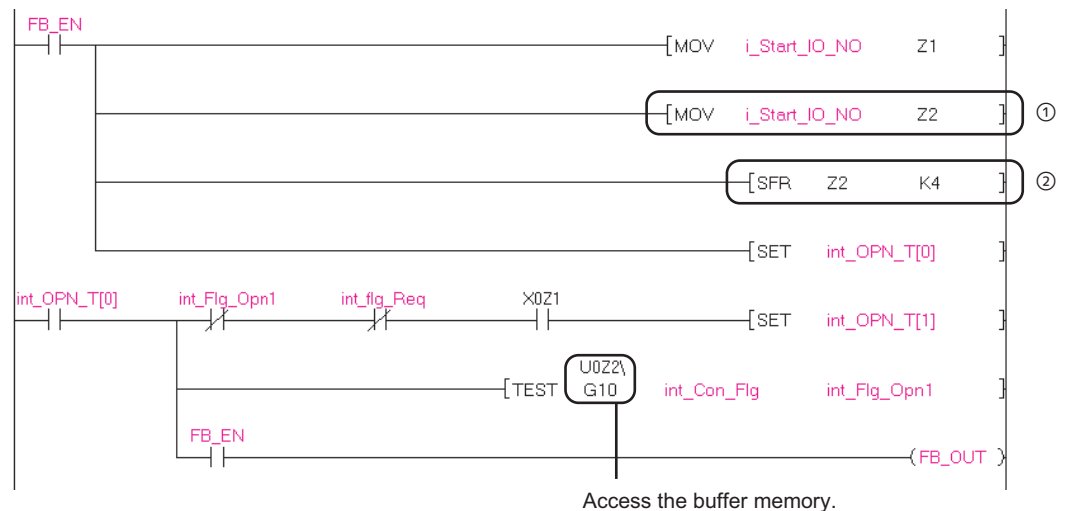
<FB program>



Access the input/output signal using the index register.

Example 2: When accessing the buffer memory of an intelligent function module.

- 1) Enter the start I/O number of the target intelligent function module to the index register.
- 2) Shift the value rightward 4 bits with the SFR instruction or use the quotient of the value divided by 16.



Access the buffer memory.

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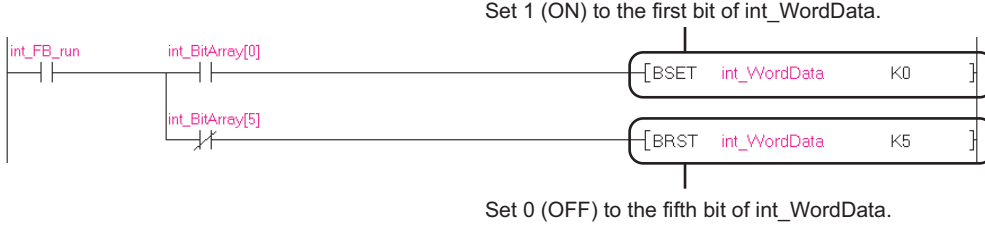
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7) When transferring multiple bit data to a word type label

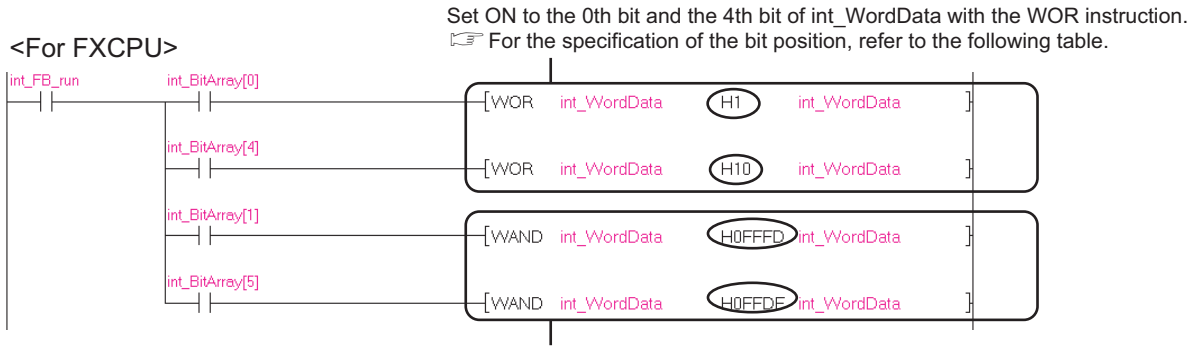
For a ladder program, a label does not allow digit specification (K4i\_Counter, etc.)

When transferring multiple bit data to a word type label, use the BSET/BRST instruction or the WOR/WAND instruction to switch ON/OFF the individual bits of the target word data.

<For QCPU (Q mode)/LCPU>



<For FXCPU>



Bit position	(WOR instruction) Set a bit to ON.	(WAND instruction) Set a bit to OFF.
0th bit	H0001	HFFFE
1st bit	H0002	HFFFD
2nd bit	H0004	HFFFB
3rd bit	H0008	HFFF7
4th bit	H0010	HFFEF
5th bit	H0020	HFFDF
6th bit	H0040	HFFBF
7th bit	H0080	HFF7F
8th bit	H0100	HFEFF
9th bit	H0200	HFDF
10th bit	H0400	HFBFF
11th bit	H0800	HF7FF
12th bit	H1000	HEFFF
13th bit	H2000	HDFFF
14th bit	H4000	HBFFF
15th bit	H8000	H7FFF



8) When handling multiple word data as an array

Input/output labels in an FB program do not allow an array to be used.

In the following method, multiple data can be imported from a sequence program to an FB program.

Example: When loading values for six points from D1000

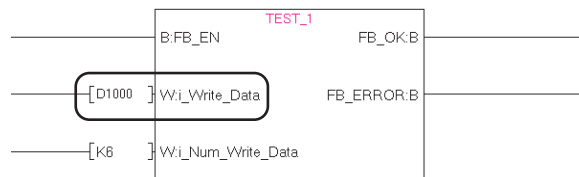
- A) Set the following three labels in the label setting of FB program. Set int\_Write\_Array as an array.

	Class	Label Name	Data Type	
1	VAR_INPUT	FB_EN	Bit	
2	VAR_INPUT	i_Write_Data	Word(Signed)	Storage destination of D1000
3	VAR_INPUT	i_Num_Write_Data	Word(Signed)	Specification of the number of points to be imported
4	VAR	int_Write_Array	Word(Signed)[0..5]	
5	VAR_OUTPUT	FB_OK	Bit	
6	VAR_OUTPUT	FB_ERROR	Bit	Transferring destination of multiple word data
7	VAR	o_data1	Bit	

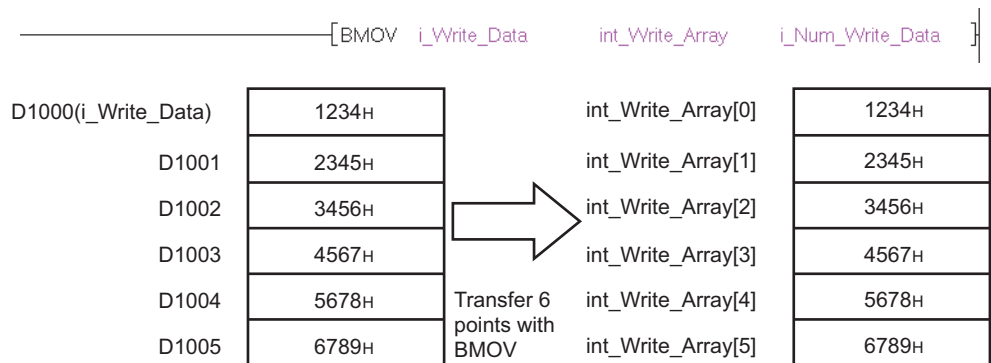
- B) In the sequence program, save values for six points to D devices from D1000.

D1000	1234H
D1001	2345H
D1002	3456H
D1003	4567H
D1004	5678H
D1005	6789H

- C) For the input of an FB instance, specify D1000.



- D) Using the BMOV instruction in the FB program, transfer values for six points from the input variable (i\_Write\_Data) to the array (int\_Write\_Array).



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# 3 USING FUNCTION BLOCKS

This chapter explains how to create a sequence program with FBs.  
For the basic operations and screen details of GX Works2, refer to the following manual.  
☞ GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Common)

3.1	Creating Sequence Programs with FBs	3 - 2
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## 3.1 Creating Sequence Programs with FBs

This section explains how to create a sequence program using FBs as components.

### 3.1.1 Pasting FBs to sequence programs

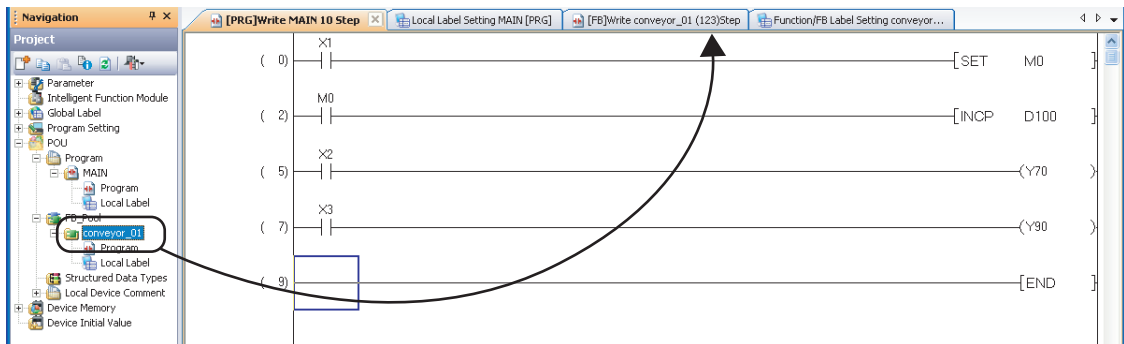
#### ■ When calling an FB within a ladder program

On the pasted FB instance, label names of I/O variables and their corresponding data types are displayed.

Paste FBs from the Project view of the Navigation window or from the Element Selection window to a sequence program. When the FB is pasted, an FB instance name is registered to the local label or the global label as a label.

#### Operating procedure

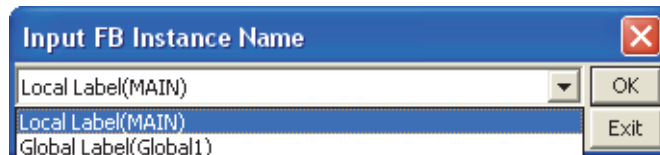
1. Select an FB from the Project view of the Navigation window and move to a desired position on the sequence program with the drag-and-drop operation.



The Input FB Instance Name screen is displayed.



2. Click to  select local label or global label to register the FB instance name.

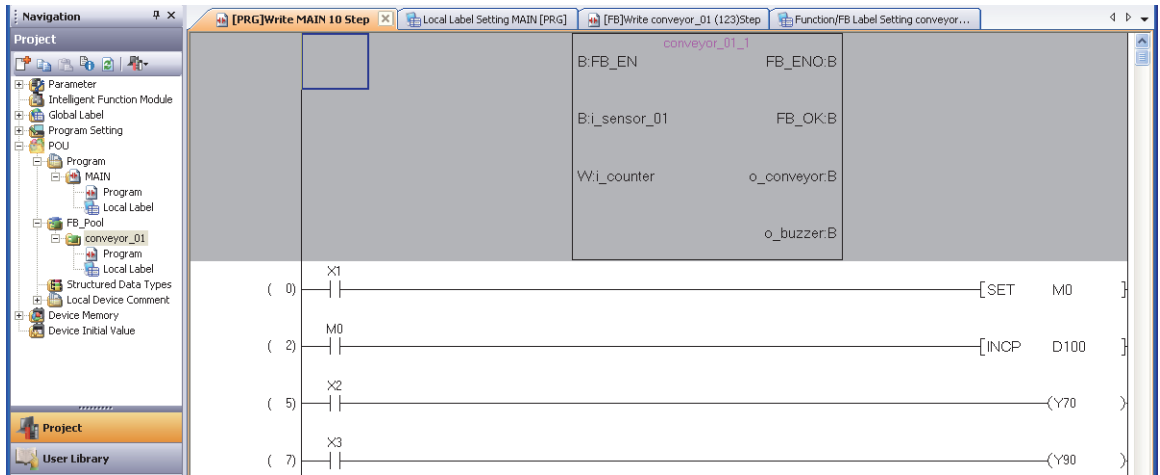


3. Change the FB instance name if necessary.

When changing the name, avoid creating the same name in the same program.

4. Click the **OK** button.

The FB instance is displayed on the editing screen.



**Point**

● **FB instance name**

- FB instance names can be changed later. (☞ Section 4.6)
- A name can be set using up to 16 characters. Alphabets are case-sensitive.
- Numeric characters cannot be used as the first character.  
For unusable characters, refer to the following manuals.  
☞ Appendix 1  
☞ GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Common)

● **Registering FB instance names to local label or global label**

When an FB is pasted, an FB instance name is automatically registered as a label on the setting screen of the label selected in step 2.

	Class	Label Name	Data Type
1	VAR	conveyor_01_1	conveyor_01
2			
3			
4			

● **Other pasting methods**

FBs can also be pasted from the Element Selection window with the drag-and-drop operation. The Element Selection window is displayed by selecting [View] ⇒ [Docking Window] ⇒ [Element Selection].

● **When the same FB is pasted repeatedly**

Pasting an FB to a sequence program causes the file size to be increased. Pasting the same FB to one sequence program repeatedly also causes the size increase of the sequence program according to the number of times of pasting.

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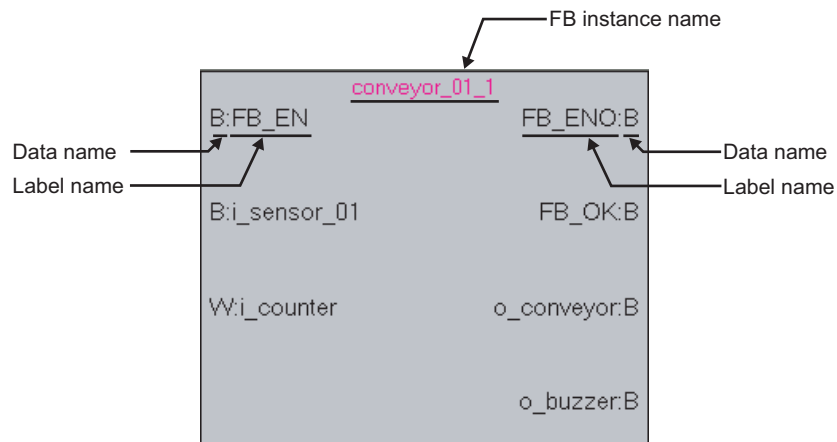
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## ■ Display of FB instance

On the pasted FB instance, label names of I/O variables and their corresponding data types are displayed.



The following are the representation of data types.

- B: Bit
- W: Word [signed]
- D: Double word [signed]
- E: Single-precision real
- L: Double-precision real
- S: String

## ■ When calling an FB within an ST program

By entering an FB name in an ST program, the FB can be called in the same manner as pasting an FB in a ladder program.

### Operating procedure

- **Enter an FB label name, input variable, and output variable in the ST program.**

Values must be specified for entered input variable and output variable.

Note that entering of output variable can be omitted when a result of output variable is not required.

Example: When the defined FB is "TIMER"

[Details of defined FB]

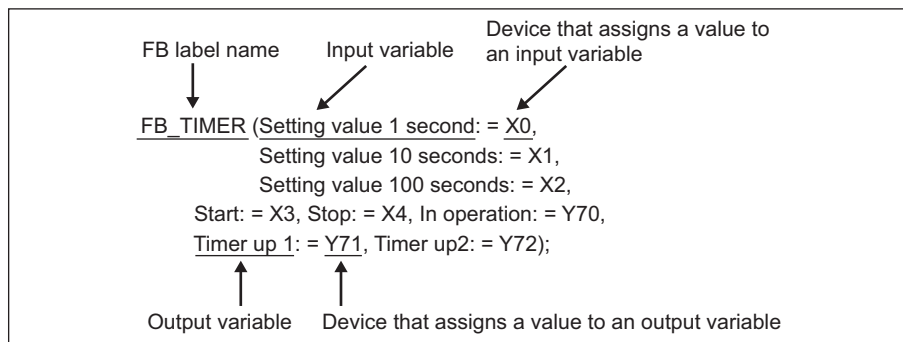
FB label name: FB\_TIMER

Input variable: Setting value 1 second, setting value 10 seconds, setting value 100 seconds, start, stop

Output variable: In operation, timer up 1, timer up 2

[Data entering example]

Enter data in the ST program as shown below.



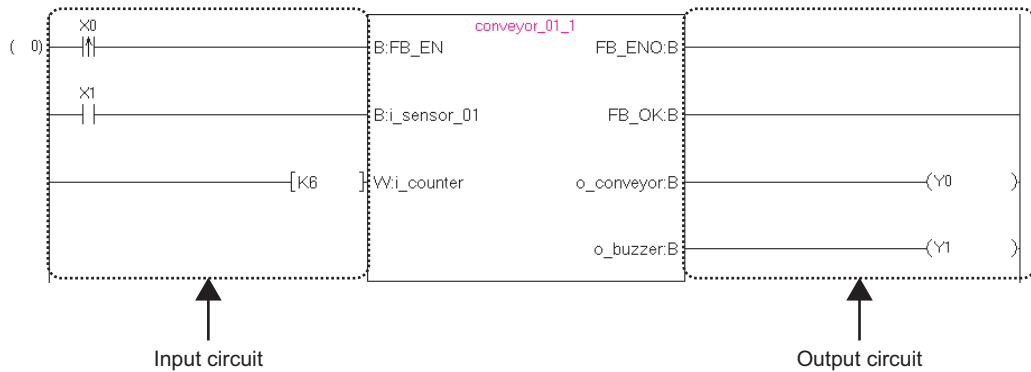
The output of the FB can be obtained by specifying the output variable name with a 'period (.)' suffixed to the FB name.

Enter an instruction to obtain the output after performing the FB call.

```
Y70: = FB_TIMER. In operation;
```

### 3.1.2 Creating input and output circuits of FB instances

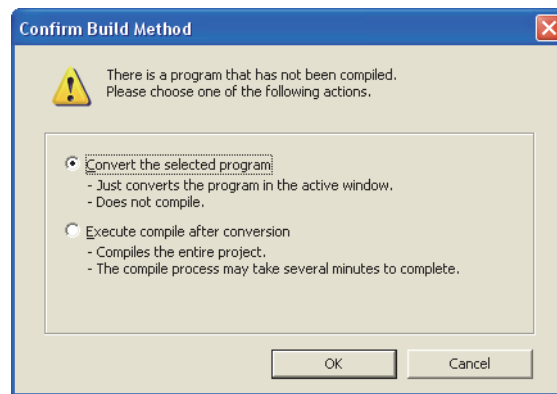
Create input and output circuits of the FB instance pasted to a sequence program.



#### Operating procedure

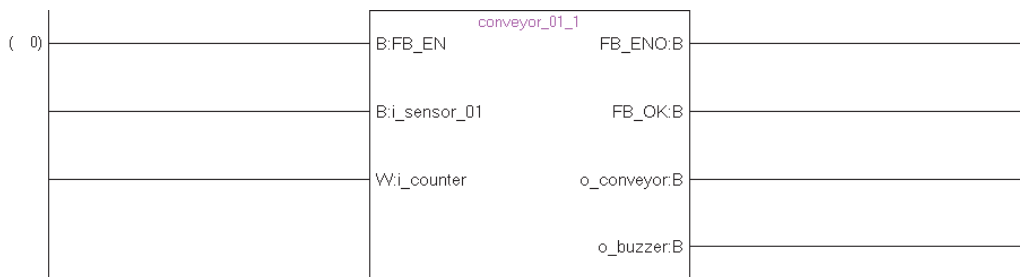
**1. Select [Compile] ⇒ [Build].**

The Confirm Build Method screen is displayed.



**2. Select "Convert the selected program", and click the  button.**

The ladder block is converted, and lines are connected to the input labels and output labels of the FB instance.

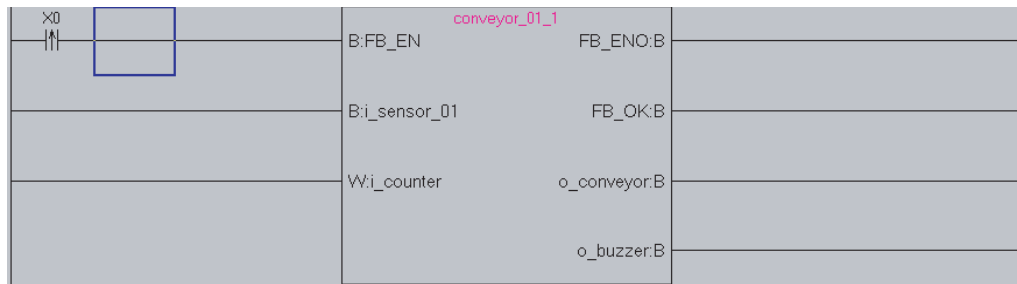
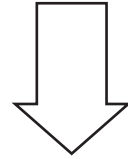
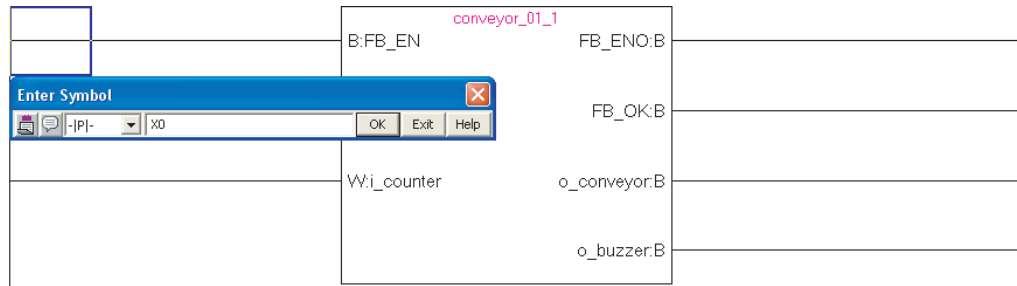




**3. Enter elements to the input circuit.**

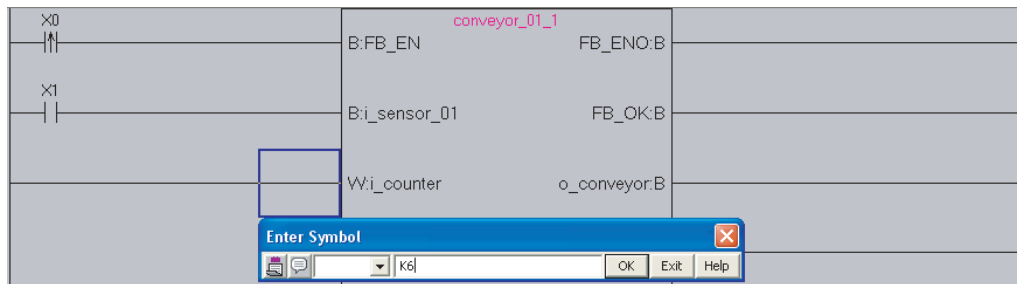
Enter elements in the same manner as creating normal ladder programs. Create a program meeting data type of input variable.

<Bit type>



If the data type of input variable is not a bit type, enter the device directly on the Enter Symbol screen.

<Other than bit type>



**4. Enter elements to the output circuit in the same manner as the input circuit.**

Edit the program other than FBs as necessary. After finishing the editing, convert/compile the program.

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**Point**

● **Number of contacts that can be created in input circuit and output circuit**

By setting "Display Connection of Ladder Diagram", the number of contacts occupied in input circuit or output circuit of an FB instance is determined as below.

Setting of the number of displayed contacts	Number of contacts in input circuit	Number of contacts in output circuit
9 contacts	3 contacts	2 contacts + 1 coil
11 contacts	4 contacts	3 contacts + 1 coil
13 contacts	5 contacts	4 contacts + 1 coil
17 contacts	7 contacts	6 contacts + 1 coil
21 contacts	9 contacts	8 contacts + 1 coil

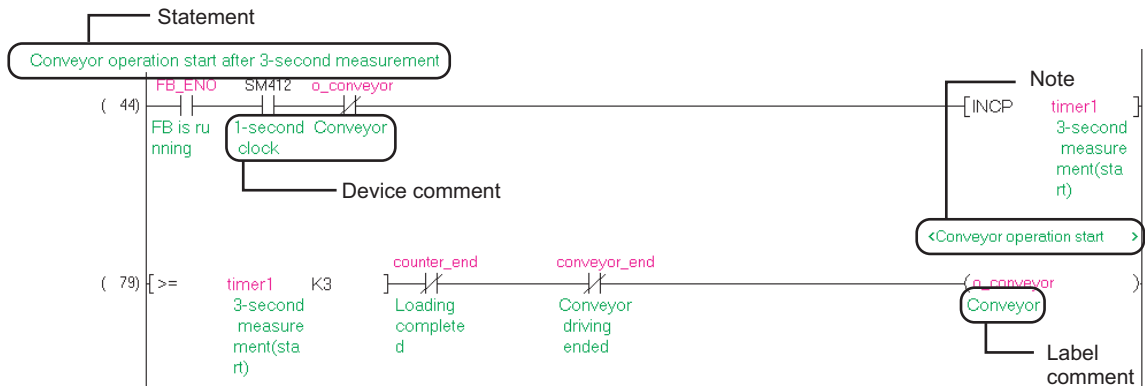
Instructions that exceed the number of occupied contacts cannot be entered. When instructions cannot be placed by changing the number of displayed contacts, the ladder block is not displayed properly.

For the setting of the number of displayed contacts, refer to the following manual.

☞ GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Simple Project)

● **Comment**

A comment can be entered on a program.



There are four types of comments as below.

Type	Description	Reference
Device comment	Enter the function of the device.	GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Common)
Label comment	Enter the function of the label.	GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Simple Project)
Statement	Enter the function of the ladder block.	
Note	Enter the function of the output instruction.	

● **Checking duplicated coils in the ladder programs**

When the same devices are used in the source ladder program and the target FB, even if "Check duplicated coil" is selected under "Program Editor" ⇒ "Ladder/SFC" ⇒ "Enter ladder" in the option setting, the duplicated coils are not detected. Check the duplicated coils in the source ladder program and the target FB by the Cross reference function. The duplicated coils can be checked by clearing the item for "Program Check" under [Tool] ⇒ [Options] ⇒ "Compile" ⇒ "Basic Setting".

● **When using labels in a sequence program**

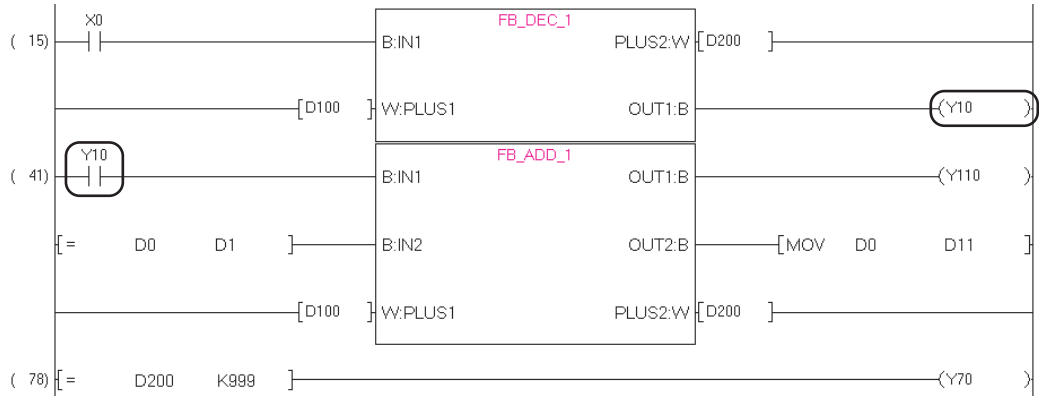
When using labels in a sequence program, refer to the following manual.

☞ GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Simple Project)

■ Considerations for using FBs

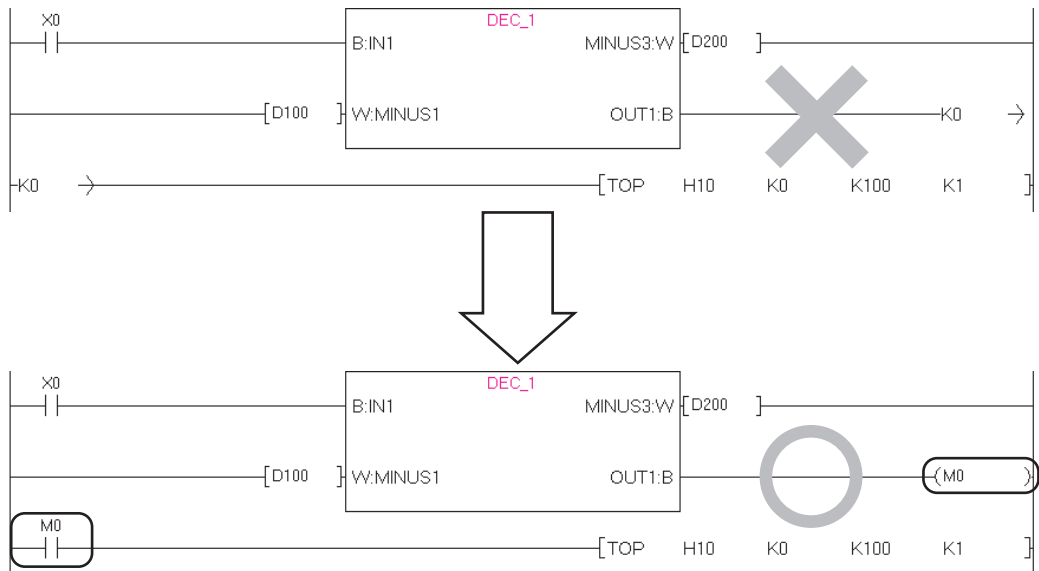
1) A single FB can be pasted to a single ladder block.

The output of an FB instance cannot be directly connect to the input of another FB instance. When connecting FBs each other, use a coil to initially receive the output of a single FB, and then connect the contact of the coil to the input of the other FB.



2) Wrapping lines cannot be created in the input and output circuits.

Insert a coil to receive the output and use the contact of the coil as the target instruction condition.



3) Parallel connections cannot be created in the input or output circuit. An error occurs when the program is converted.



4) The data type of the input or output circuit of the FB instance, and the data type of the contact/coil/application instruction to be connected must be the same.

Using different data types at the connection causes an error at compilation.

5) If the instance is not registered on the label setting screen when utilizing the FB to the ladder program, the information of FB name change and FB deletion are not applied to the label setting and the program.

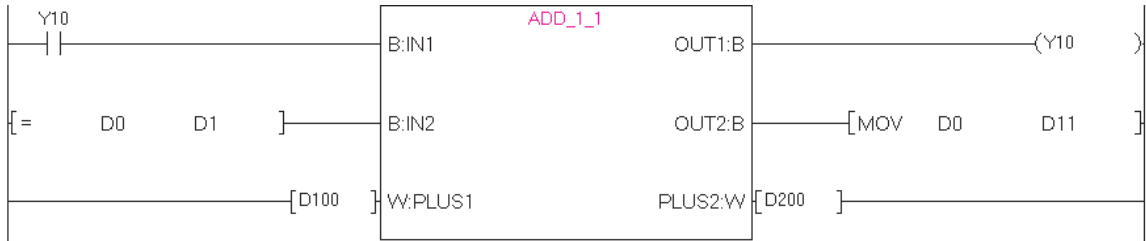
In this case, delete the FB instance in the program manually, and utilize the FBs again.

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6) **When the label setting of FB is changed, compile the program or all programs.**

The change of input/output label is applied to the utilization destination ladder program at compilation. Note that the change is not applied when the FB instance is not registered in the global label setting or local label setting.

<Example of FB (before changing label setting)>



<Label setting of FB>

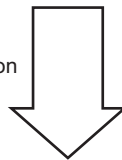
	Class	Label Name	Data Type
1	VAR_INPUT	IN2	Bit
2	VAR_INPUT	IN1	Bit
3	VAR_INPUT	PLUS1	Word(Signed)
4	VAR_OUTPUT	OUT2	Bit
5	VAR_OUTPUT	PLUS2	Word(Signed)
6	VAR_OUTPUT	PLUS3	Word(Signed)

↔ Switch input label sequence

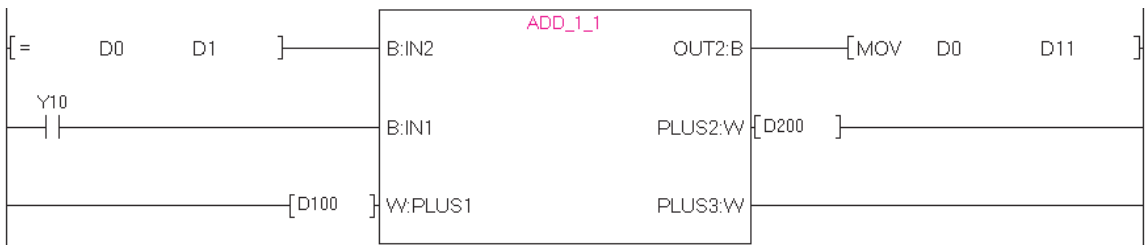
← Delete output label OUT1

← Add output label PLUS3

Execute compilation



<Example of FB (after changing label setting)>



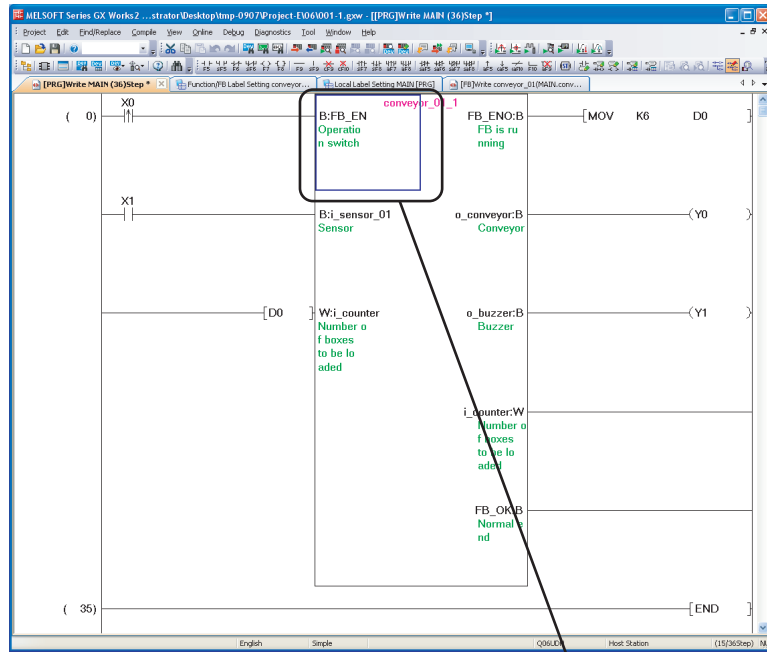
7) **Function blocks using inline structured text programs cannot be used in programs other than Ladder Diagram.**

### 3.1.3 Aligning sequence program and FB program

An alignment of a sequence program and an FB program allows a sequence program to be edited while checking the FB program.

#### Operating procedure

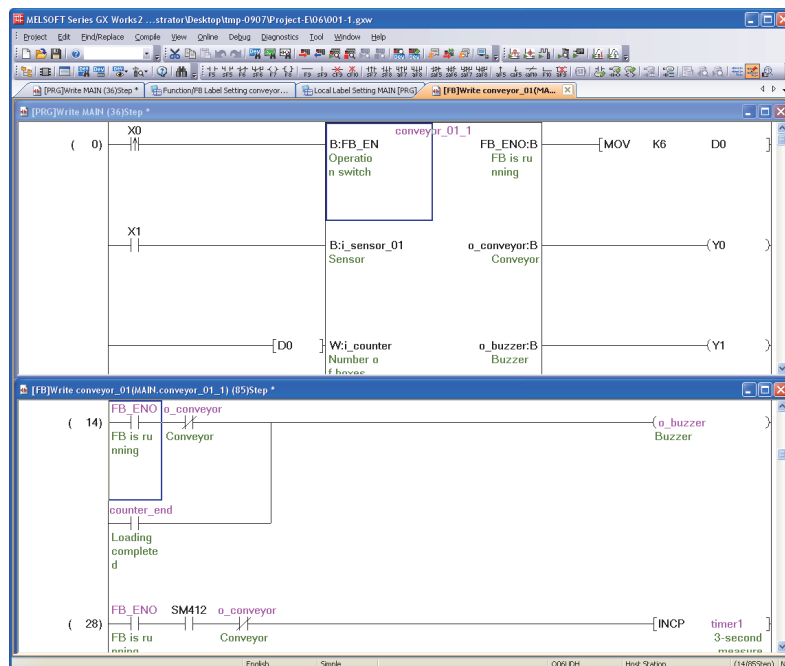
1. Move the cursor to the FB instance.



Move the cursor to the FB instance.

2. Select [View] ⇒ [Tile FB Horizontally].

The sequence program and the FB program are displayed horizontally.



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#### Point

#### Other display methods

An FB program can also be displayed by moving the cursor to the FB instance and performing any of the following operations.

- **Shift** + **Ctrl** + **Enter**
- **Shift** + **Ctrl** + double-click

## 3.1.4 Converting/compiling all sequence programs

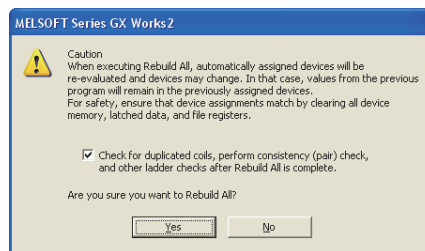
Convert/compile all sequence programs to be executed on a programmable controller CPU.

### Operating procedure

#### 1. Select **[Compile]** ⇒ **[Rebuild All]** ( ).

The following message is displayed.

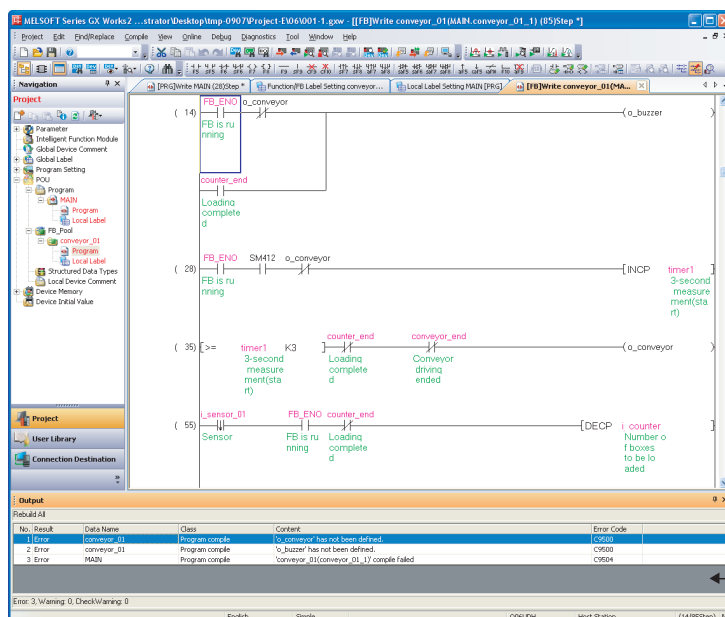
Clear the check box if the duplicated coil check, ladder program check, and consistency (pairing) check are not performed after the compilation.



#### 2. Click the button after reading and understanding the considerations described on the message.

All programs are converted/compiled and the result is displayed on the Output window.

By double-clicking the result (errors/warnings only), the corresponding error location in the program is displayed.



← Output window

**Point**

● **When a program is compiled with [Compile]**

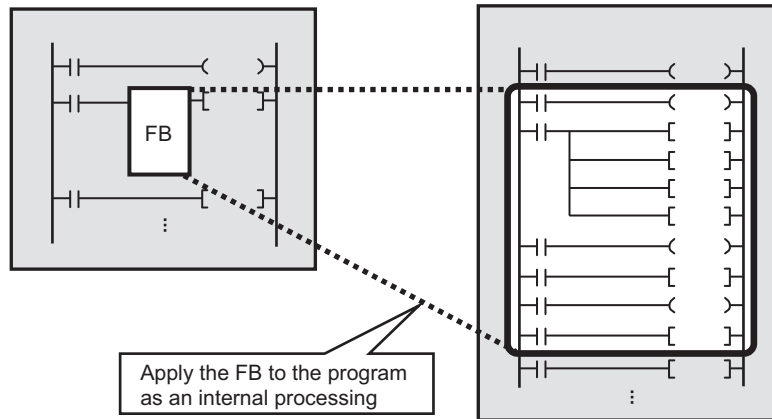
Since only programs that are not compiled are subjected to compilation, time required for compilation can be reduced. For considerations of compilation, refer to the following manual.

☞ GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Simple Project)

● **Program size after compilation**

When compilation is executed, the FB is applied to a program as an internal processing of a sequence program, resulting in increase of the program size.

The program size can be checked on the Memory Capacity Calculation Result screen.



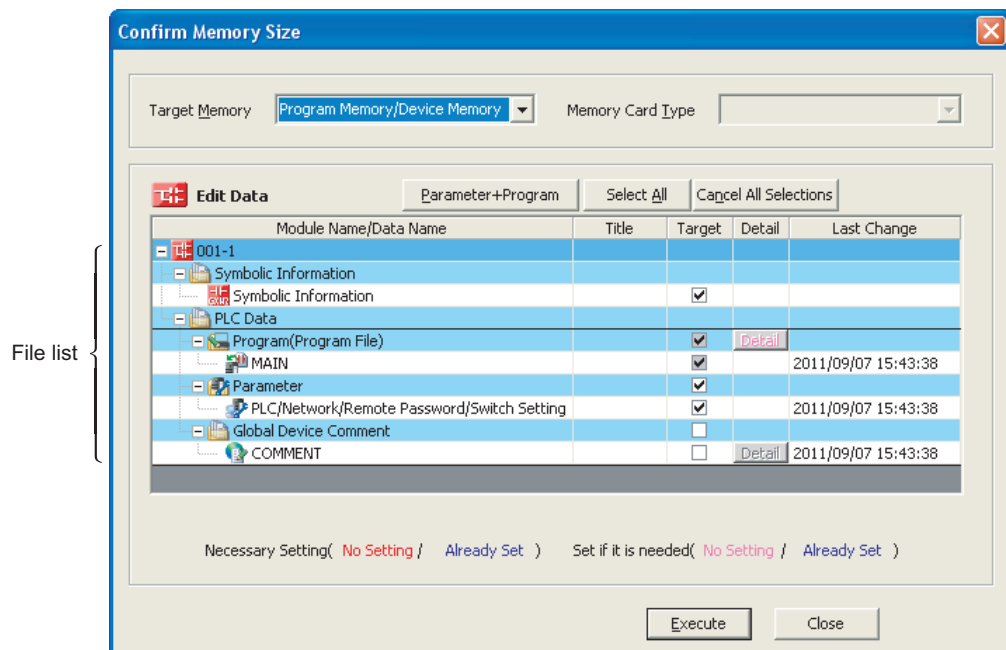
■ **Calculating memory size (QCPU(Q mode)/LCPU)**

Data size required for writing a program to a programmable controller CPU can be checked on the Memory Capacity Calculation Result screen. Excess of the capacity when writing a program to a programmable controller CPU can be prevented by checking the memory size.

**Operating procedure**

1. **Select [Tool] ⇒ [Confirm Memory Size].**

The Confirm Memory Size screen is displayed.



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4 MANAGING AND EDITING FUNCTION BLOCKS

5 USING FB LIBRARIES

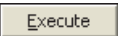
6 PROGRAM EXAMPLES USING FUNCTION BLOCKS

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2. Set the items on the screen.

Item	Description
Target Memory/Memory Card Type	Set the memory whose size is to be calculated, and memory card type. For details of the memory card application, refer to the following manuals. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>☞ QCPU User's Manual (Hardware Design, Maintenance and Inspection)</li> <li>☞ MELSEC-L CPU Module User's Manual (Hardware Design, Maintenance and Inspection)</li> </ul>
File list	-
Target	Select data whose size is to be calculated.

3. Click the  button.

The Memory Capacity Calculation Result screen is displayed.

<For online calculation>

Calculation result section

Target section

Sum total section

Memory status graph section

The offline calculation and online calculation can be switched.

For details of the Memory Capacity Calculation Result screen, refer to the following manual.

☞ GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Common)



## ■ Calculating memory size (FXCPU)

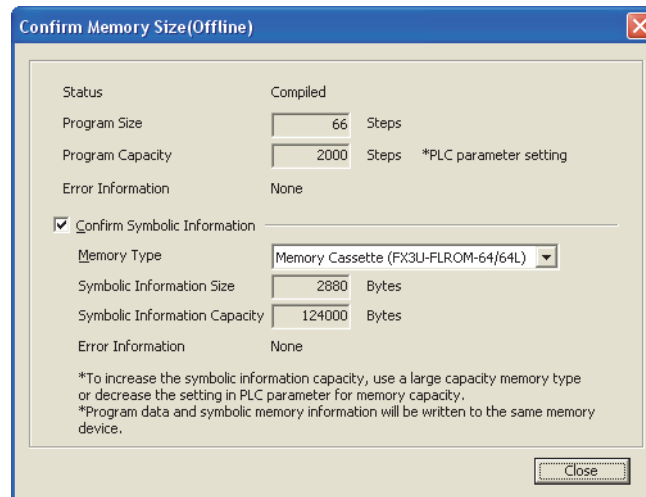
Display sizes and capacities of program and symbolic information calculated offline. Displayed values are values when the program and parameters are written to a programmable controller CPU.

### Operating procedure

- **Select [Tool] ⇒ [Confirm Memory Size].**

The Confirm Memory Size screen is displayed. For details, refer to the following manual.

☞ GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Common)

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### 3.1.5 Writing sequence programs to programmable controller CPU


Write created data to a programmable controller CPU or a memory card.

Before writing data, set a communication route of a personal computer and programmable controller CPU with the connection destination setting. In addition, set the programmable controller CPU to the STOP status.

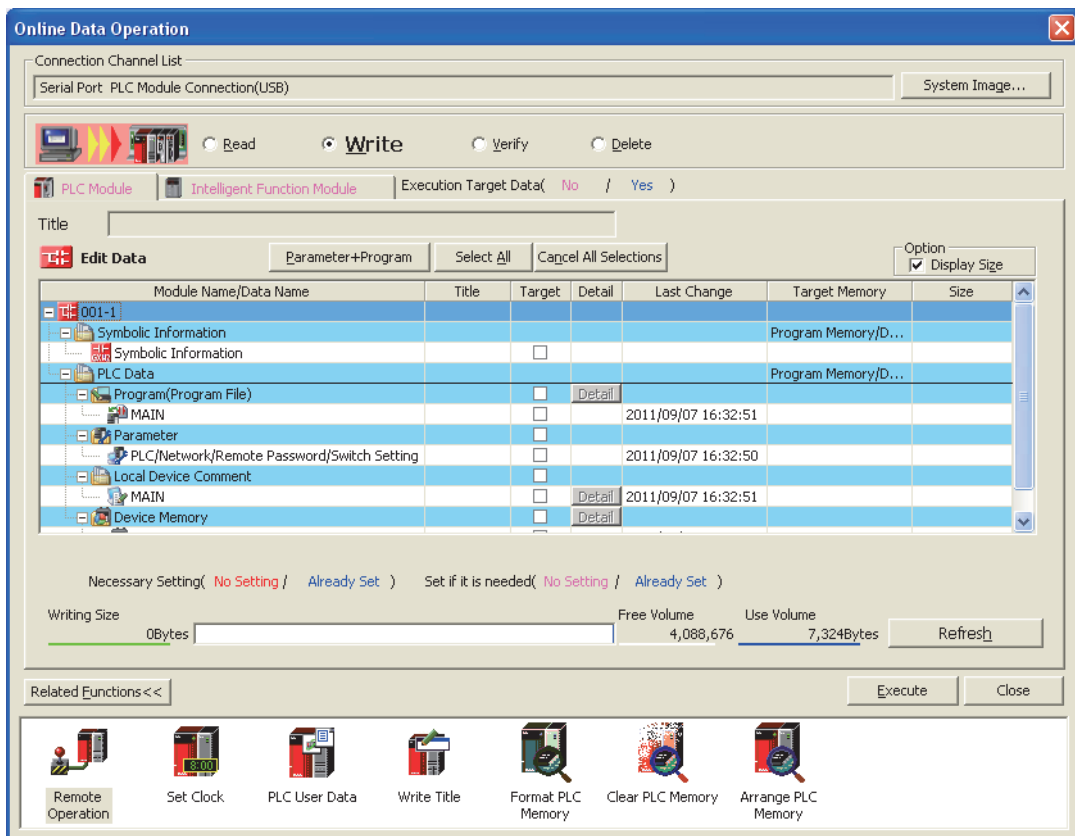
For details of connection destination setting, refer to the following manual.

☞ GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Common)

#### Operating procedure

1. Select [Online] ⇒ [Write to PLC] (  ).

The Online Data Operation screen is displayed.



## 2. Select the target data.

Symbolic information must be selected. If symbolic information is not written, inconsistency may occur between the data on the project and the data written to the programmable controller CPU.

Module Name/Data Name	Title	Target	Detail	Last Change	Target Memory	Size
001-1						
Symbolic Information		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			Program Memory/D...	---
PLC Data					Program Memory/D...	
Program(Program File)		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Detail			
MAIN		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		2011/09/07 16:32:51		Uncompiled
Parameter		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>				
PLC/Network/Remote Password/Switch Setting		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		2011/09/07 16:32:50		652 Bytes
Local Device Comment		<input type="checkbox"/>				
MAIN		<input type="checkbox"/>	Detail	2011/09/07 16:32:51		
Device Memory		<input type="checkbox"/>	Detail			

## 3. Click the button.

### Point

#### ● Writing target for symbolic information

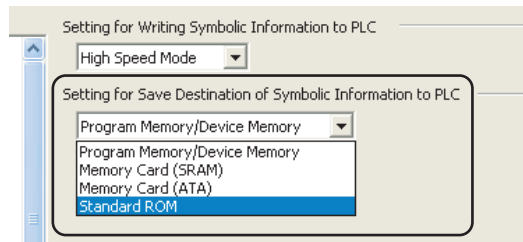
When symbolic information is selected, the memory size for the symbolic information is required.

For QCPU(Q mode)/LCPU, the writing target for symbolic information can be changed to standard ROM or memory card (other than program memory or device memory), resulting that the capacity of program memory can be reserved.

#### ● Default writing target for symbolic information

The default writing target for symbolic information can be set for each project.

Select [Tool] ⇒ [Options] ⇒ "Symbolic Information", and select a writing target from "Setting for Writing of Symbolic Information to PLC".



#### ● FXCPU

- Symbolic information can be read from/write to a programmable controller CPU in a project of FX3U/FX3UC version 3.00 or later only.
- When a memory cassette to which the symbolic information has been written is used on an FXCPU other than FX3U/FX3UC version 3.00 or later, the memory cassette can be used, however, the symbolic information cannot be read from the memory cassette. When the symbolic information is written to a memory cassette on an FXCPU other than FX3U/FX3UC version 3.00 or later, the symbolic information may be corrupted.

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■ **Symbolic information**

The symbolic information is data that store the program configuration such as labels and FBs. To restore these data included in the symbolic information when reading a program from the programmable controller CPU, write/read the symbolic information to/from the programmable controller CPU.

Data such as labels and FBs included in the symbolic information cannot be restored if only sequence programs are read.

The following table shows the program data included in the symbolic information.

Item	Included data
Symbolic information	Global labels
	POU
	Programs
	Local labels
	FBs
	Structures

## 3.2 Checking Operations of Sequence Programs

Execute the monitoring function to check the operation of the programs written to the programmable controller CPU.

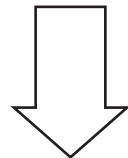
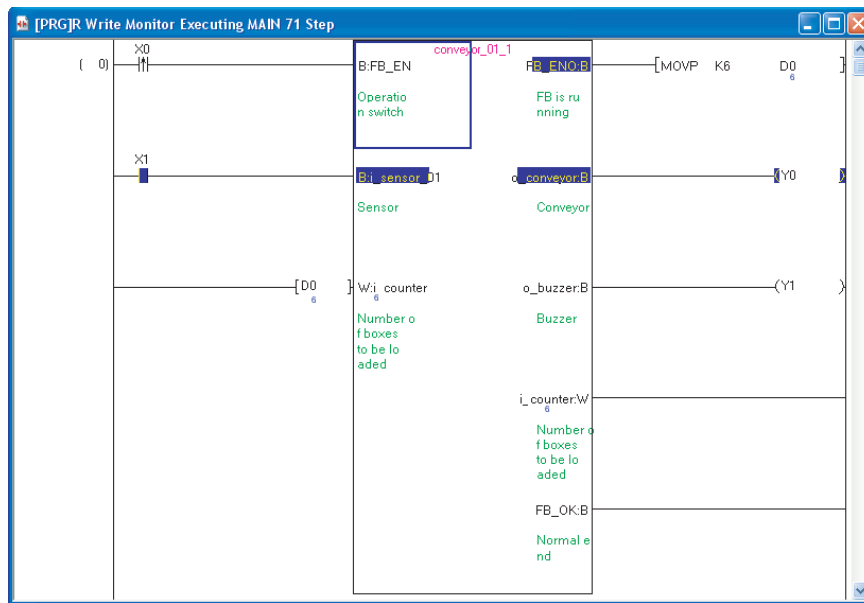
FB programs can also be monitored.

### Operating procedure

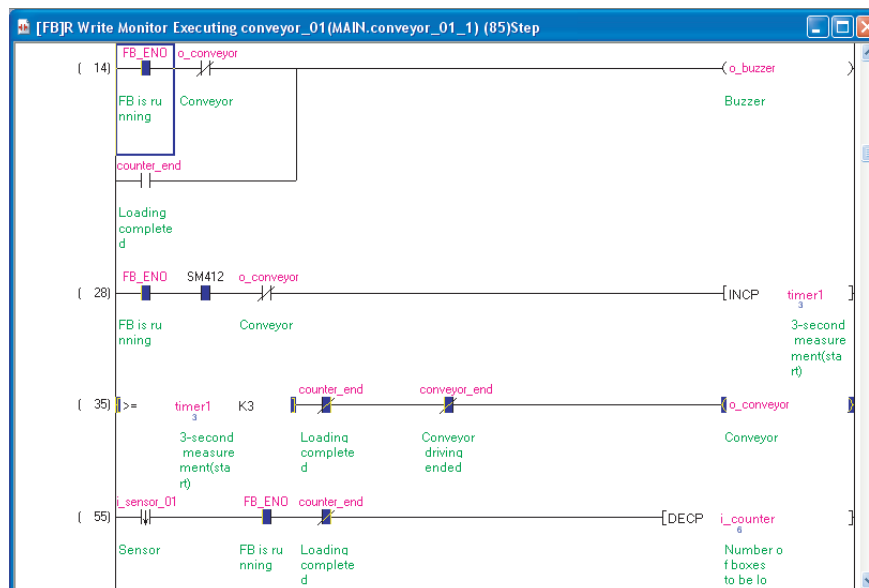
- Select [Online] ⇒ [Monitor] ⇒ [Start Monitoring] (  ).

The monitoring starts.

Double-click the FB instance to monitor the FB program.



Double-click the FB instance.



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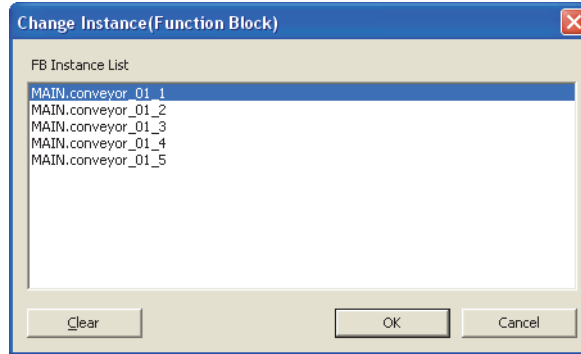
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#### Point

● **Change Instance (Function Block) screen**

If monitoring is started on an FB program when FBs are used at multiple locations in a sequence program, the Change Instance (Function Block) screen is displayed. Select an instance.

The screen can also be displayed by activating the FB program's work window and selecting [Online] ⇒ [Monitor] ⇒ [Change Instance (Function Block)].



● **Ladder editing mode with option setting**

When "Use the Switching Ladder Edit Mode (Read, Write, Monitor, Monitor (Write))" is selected in the option setting, the ladder programs cannot be edited when Start Monitoring is executed. Execute 'monitor (write mode)' to edit the programs in the monitoring status.

☞ GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Simple Project)

---

# 4 MANAGING AND EDITING FUNCTION BLOCKS

This chapter explains how to manage and edit FBs.

For the basic operations and screen details of GX Works2, refer to the following manual.

 GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Common)

4.1	Reading FB Programs from Programmable Controller CPU	4 - 2
4.2	Reusing FBs from Library (Project)	4 - 3
4.3	Copying FBs from Project	4 - 9
4.4	Changing FB Instance Names	4 - 10
4.5	Deleting Unnecessary FB Data from Projects	4 - 11
4.6	Protecting FBs	4 - 13
4.7	Searching/Replacing FB Instance Names	4 - 16

## 4.1 Reading FB Programs from Programmable Controller CPU

Read FB programs from a programmable controller CPU. When reading FB programs, read symbolic information with a project with labels using the Read from PLC function.

Before reading data, set a communication route of a personal computer and programmable controller CPU with the connection destination setting. For details of connection destination setting, refer to the following manual.

 GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Common)

### Operating procedure

#### 1. Select [Online] ⇒ [Read from PLC].

The Online Data Operation screen is displayed.

#### 2. Select "Symbolic Information".

Module Name/Data Name	Title/Project Name	Target	Detail	Last Change	Target Memory	Size
Q100UDEHCPU						
Symbolic Information					Program Memory...	
GX Works2(Simple Project)		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		2011/09/08 12:05:46		4708 Bytes
PLC Data					Program Memory...	
Parameter		<input type="checkbox"/>				
PLC/Network/Remote Password/Switic...		<input type="checkbox"/>		2011/09/08 12:05:46		652 Bytes
Device Memory		<input type="checkbox"/>	Detail			
Device Data		<input type="checkbox"/>				

#### 3. Click the button.

### Point

#### ● FXCPU

For FXCPU projects with labels, created project data can be read from FX3U/FX3UC version 3.00 or later only.



## 4.2 Reusing FBs from Library (Project)

This section explains how to reuse the created FBs in another project.

The created FB programs can be used as program assets in multiple projects by using the project files created in Simple project (with labels) as FB library.

### 4.2.1 Library (project) reusing procedure

The following shows the procedure for reusing the FBs in the created library (project) to other project.

#### Operating procedure

##### 1. Creating a library (project).

Procedure	Reference
Create a Simple project (with labels).	GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Common)
Name and save the project.	
Close the project.	



##### 2. Exporting FBs to a library (project).

Procedure	Reference
Open the project that contains FBs to be reused.	GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Common)
Export FBs to the library (project).	Section 4.2.2



##### 3. Acquiring FBs from the library (project).

Procedure	Reference
Open the project to which FBs are to be used.	GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Common)
Acquire the FBs from the library (project).	Section 4.2.3

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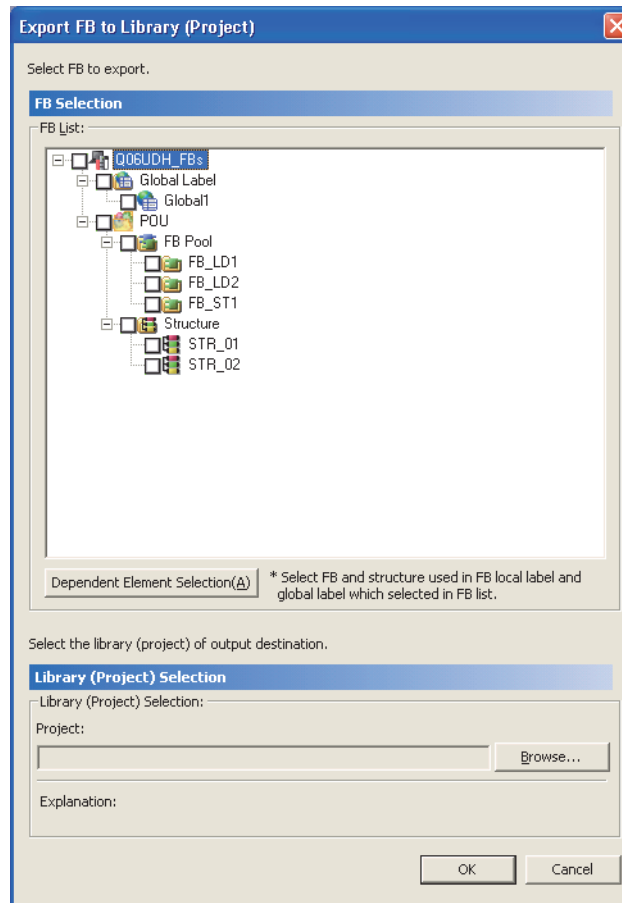
## 4.2.2 Exporting FBs to other project

Export the FBs which are created in the project being edited to other project using the Export FB to Library (Project) screen. Global labels and structures can be exported at the same time. An FB whose PLC type is different from that of the project being edited can be exported. However, FBs created with QCPU(Q mode)/LCPU project cannot be exported to FXCPU project, and vice versa.

### Operating procedure

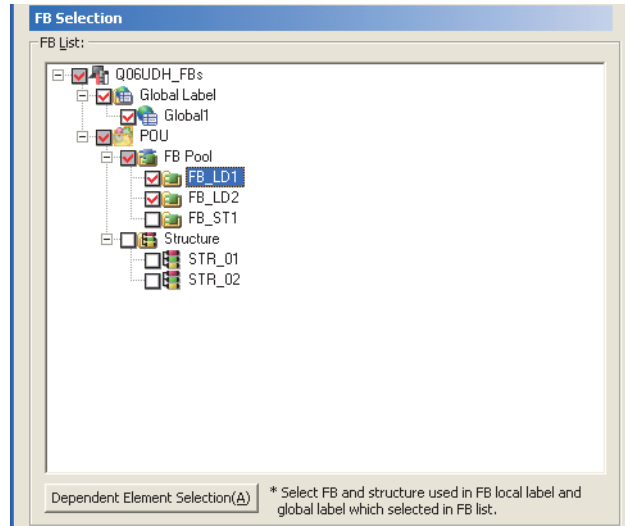
1. Select [Project] ⇒ [Library] ⇒ [Export FB to Library (Project)]

The Export FB to Library (Project) screen is displayed.



## 2. Select FBs, global labels, and structures to be exported to the target project from the FB List.

Click the **Dependent Element Selection(A)** button to export the FBs or structures in the selected FBs at the same time.



## 3. Click the **Browse...** button to select the export target project.

## 4. Click the **OK** button.

The selected FBs, global labels, and structures are exported to the target project.

### Point

#### ● Block password

An FB with a block password cannot be exported. Unlock the block password of the project being edited before export the FB.

The block password of FB is unset to the export target project.

#### ● Considerations for "Indexing Setting for ZR Device"

FBs cannot be exported when the device set for "Indexing Setting for ZR Device" on the <<Device>> tab of PLC parameter is different between the target project and the project being edited.

Set the same setting for "Indexing Setting for ZR Device" before exporting FBs.

When an FB with the different start number of index register is exported, check the program using the index setting because the operation of the index setting may be changed.

#### ● When the data name of output target data is overlapped

When the data name of each export target FB, global label, or structure is overlapped, the existing data in the target project is overwritten and deleted.

In this case, change the data name before exporting the data.

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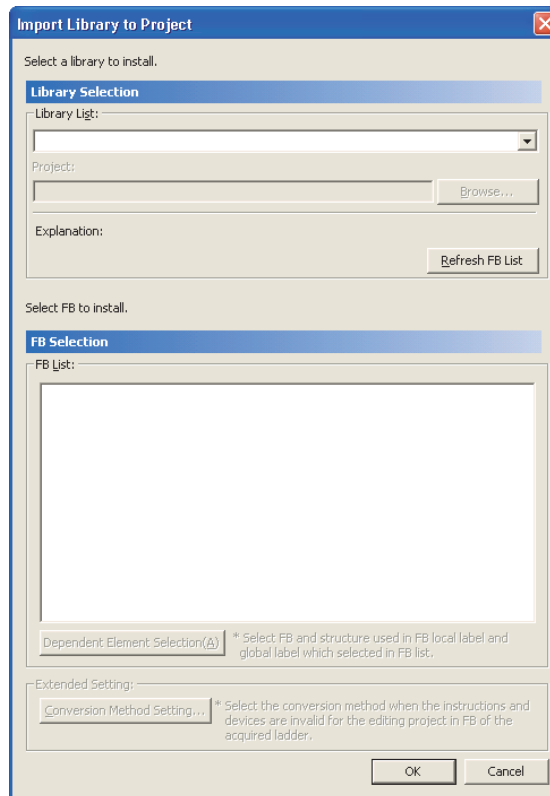
### 4.2.3 Importing FBs from other project

Import the FBs which are created in other project to the project being edited using the Import Library to Project screen. The global labels and the structures can be imported at the same time. An FB whose PLC type is different from that of the project being edited can be imported. However, FBs created with QCPU(Q mode)/LCPUCPU project cannot be imported to FXCPU project, and vice versa.

#### Operating procedure

**1. Select [Project] ⇒ [Library] ⇒ [Install].**

The Import Library to Project screen is displayed.



**2. Select "Select Library (Project)" from the "Library List" combo box.**

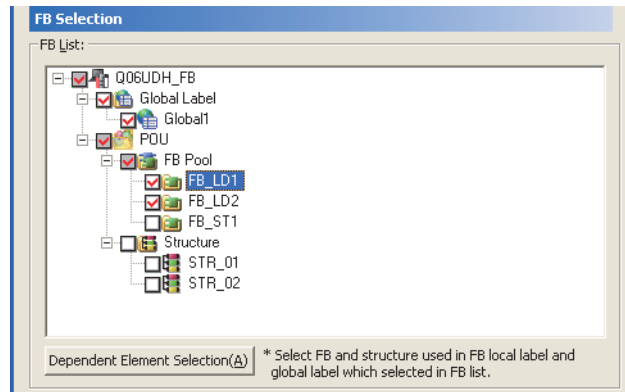
**3. Click the  button, and select the other project.**

**4. Click the  button.**

When the other project is modified, click the  button and update "FB List".

## 5. Select FBs, global labels, and structures to be imported to the editing project from the FB List.

Click the **Dependent Element Selection(A)** button to import the FBs or structures in the selected FBs at the same time.



## 6. Click the **OK** button.

The imported FBs, global labels, and structures are displayed on the project view. For utilizing FBs, refer to Chapter 3.

### Point

#### ● Considerations of "Indexing Setting for ZR Device"

FBs cannot be imported when the device set for "Indexing Setting for ZR Device" on the <<Device>> tab of PLC parameter is different between the source project and the project being edited. Set the same setting for "Indexing Setting for ZR Device", and import FBs.

When an FB with the different start number of index register is imported, check the program using the index setting because the operation of the index setting may be changed.

#### ● When the data name of import source data is overlapped

When the data name of each import source FB, global label, or structure is overlapped, the existing data in the target project is overwritten and deleted.

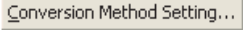
In this case, change the data name before importing the data.

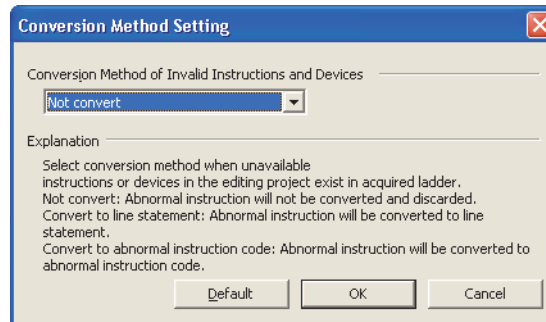
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## ■ Setting the conversion method for inapplicable instructions

Set the conversion method when the FBs to be added contain instructions or devices which are not applicable to the target project.

### Operating procedure

1. Click the  button on the Install screen.



2. Set the item on the screen.

Item	Description
Conversion Method of Invalid Instructions and Devices	Select the conversion method for the inapplicable instruction.

3. Click the  button.

The screen returns to the Install screen.

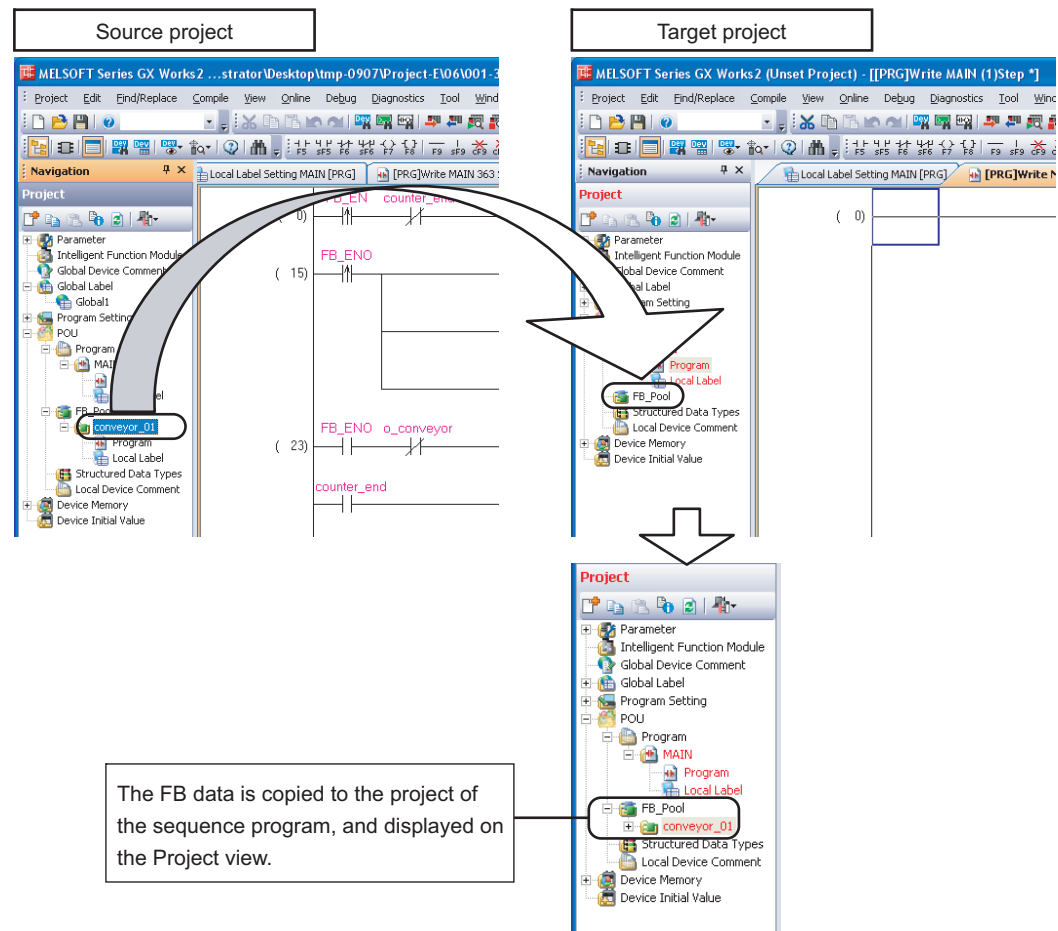
## 4.3 Copying FBs from Project

FBs can be reused by starting another GX Works2, and copying and pasting the FBs from the source project to the target project.

This section explains how to reuse FBs in an existing project.

### Operating procedure

1. Open the source project.
2. Start another GX Works2, and open the target project.  
If the programmable controller types differ between the two projects, match the programmable controller type. A programmable controller type can be changed by selecting [Project] ⇒ [Change PLC Type].
3. Move the FB data in the source project to "FB\_Pool" in the target project with the drag-and-drop operation.



### Point

#### ● When reusing FBs created with GX Developer in GX Works2

Open a project of GX Developer by selecting [Project] ⇒ [Open Other Data] ⇒ [Open Other Project].  
For considerations, refer to Appendix 3.

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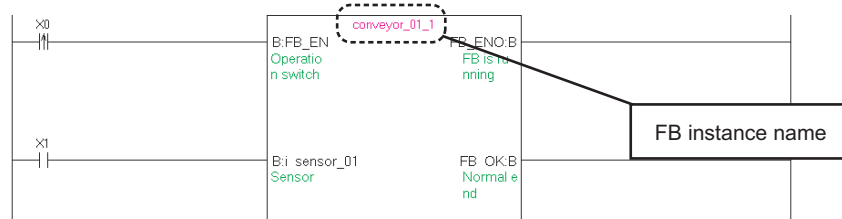
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## 4.4 Changing FB Instance Names

This section explains how to change the FB instance name of an FB pasted to a ladder program. The global label or local label need to be registered/changed to the same name as the changed FB instance name.

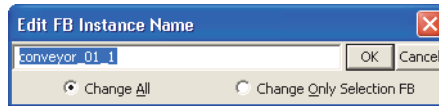
### Operating procedure

1. Move the cursor to the FB instance.

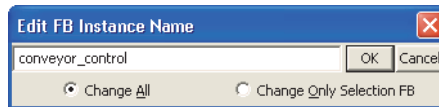


2. Select [Edit] ⇒ [Edit FB Instance].

The Edit FB Instance Name screen is displayed.



3. Enter a new FB instance name, and select "Change All" or "Change Only Selection FB".

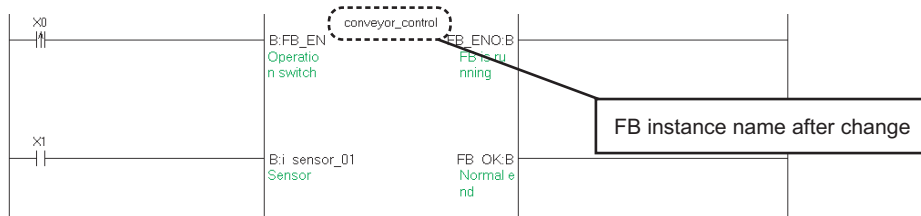


4. Click the **OK** button.

The FB instance name is changed.

When "Change All" is selected, all the FB instances with the same name are changed.

When "Change Only Selection FB" is selected, only the FB instance on the cursor position is changed.



5. Open the global label or local label setting screen, and register/change the label name to the same as the new FB instance name.

If the program is compiled without registering/changing the label, a compilation error occurs.

Class	Label Name	Data Type
1 VAR	conveyor_control	conveyor_01
2 VAR	conveyor_01_2	conveyor_01



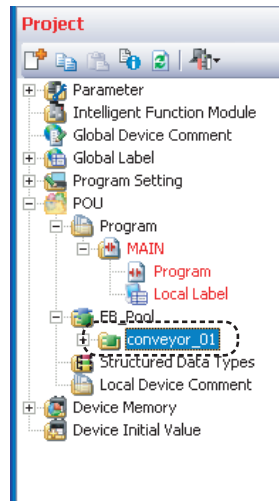
## 4.5 Deleting Unnecessary FB Data from Projects

This section explains how to delete FB data from a project.

FB instances and FB instance names registered to the global label or local label may be deleted at the same time.

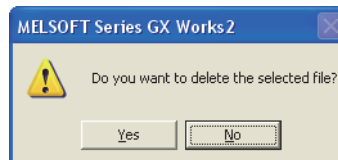
### Operating procedure

1. Select an FB to be deleted on the Project view.



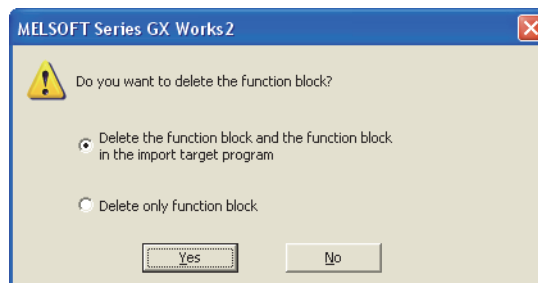
2. Select [Project] ⇒ [Object] ⇒ [Delete].

A confirmation message for deleting data is displayed.



3. Click the  button.

A message for selecting the deletion method is displayed.

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**4. Select the deletion method, and click the  button.**

The following are the targets to be deleted.

Deletion method	Deletion target
"Delete the function block and the function block in the import target program"	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• FB data</li><li>• FB instance (including input circuits and output circuits)</li><li>• FB instance names registered on the label setting editor</li></ul>
"Delete only function block"	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• FB data</li></ul>

## 4.6 Protecting FBs

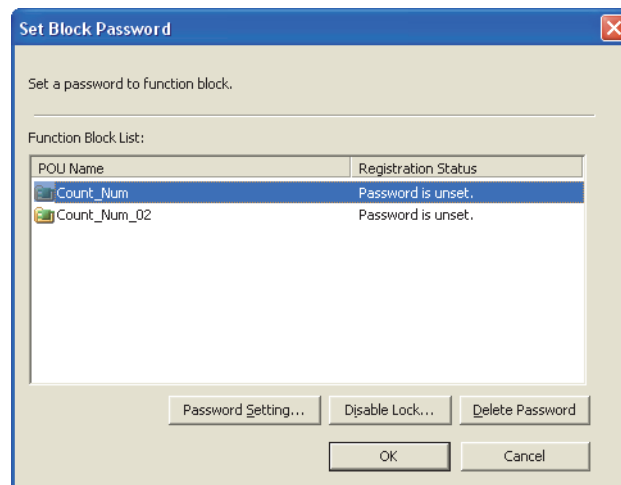
Setting a block password protects created FB programs and disables browsing program contents. The following operations are disabled when a block password is set.

- Displaying and editing FB programs
- Editing FB local labels
- Copying data to other projects

### Operating procedure

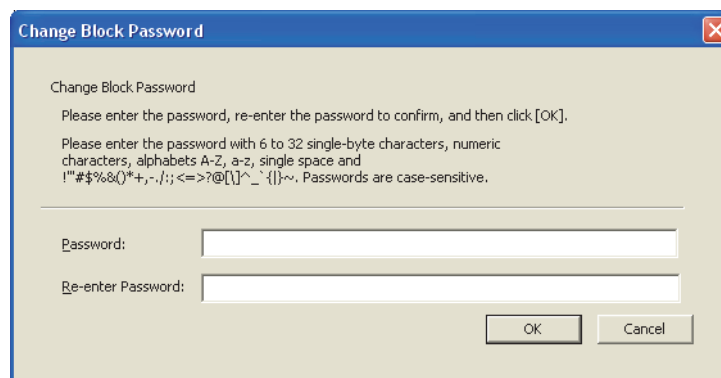
1. Select [Tool] ⇒ [Block Password].

The Set Block Password screen is displayed.



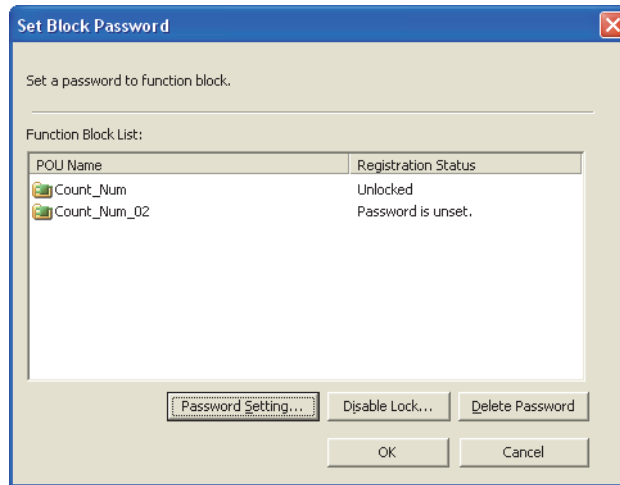
2. Select an FB to be protected, and click the **Password Setting...** button.

The Change Block Password screen is displayed.

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3. Enter a password, and click the  button.

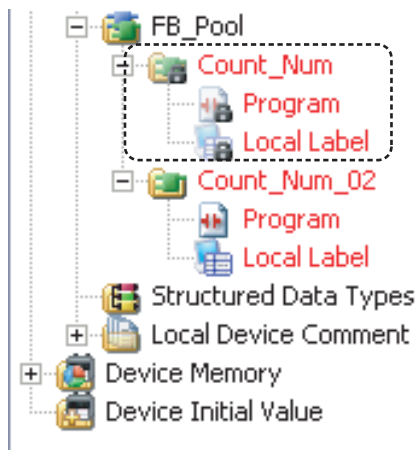
On the "Registration Status" field of the Set Block Password screen, "Unlocked" is displayed.



4. Click the  button.

The protection of the FB by the block password becomes effective when the project is saved and opened once again.

The lock marks are appended to the FB icons on the Project view.



**Point** 

● **Changing block passwords**

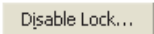
To change a block password, simply set a new password for the POU to which a block password has already been set. However, the block password must be unlocked before changing it.

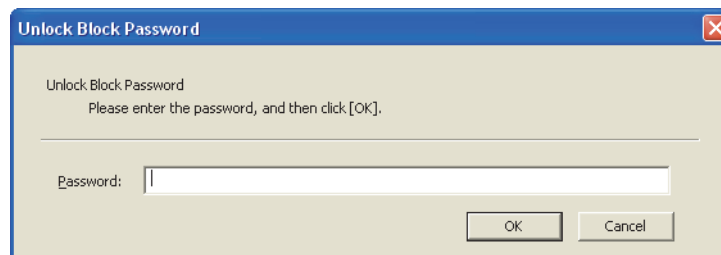
## ■ Unlocking block passwords

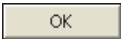
Unlock the block password.

Unlock of the block password is valid while the project is being opened. The lock status is restored when the project is opened again.

### Operating procedure

1. Select [Tool] ⇒ [Block Password].
2. Select an FB to unlock the block password, and click the  button.  
The Unlock Block Password screen is displayed.

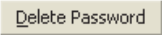


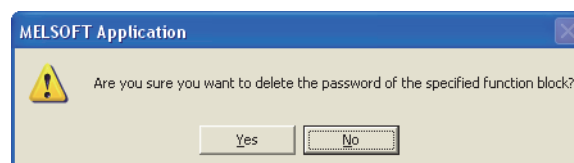
3. Enter a password, and click the  button.  
The block password is unlocked, and "Unlocked" is displayed on the "Registration Status" field of the Set Block Password screen.

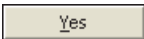
## ■ Deleting block passwords

Delete the block password.

### Operating procedure

1. Select [Tool] ⇒ [Block Password].
2. Select an FB to delete the block password, and click the  button.  
The following message is displayed.



3. Click the  button.  
The password is deleted.

## 4.7 Searching/Replacing FB Instance Names

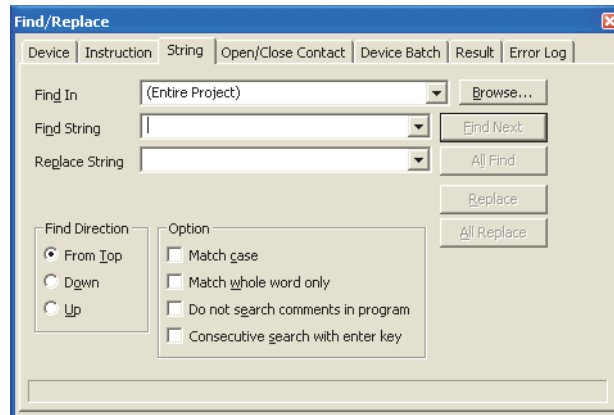
FB instance names and labels can be searched/replaced.

In this section, the search function is explained as an example.

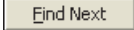
### Operating procedure

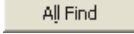
#### 1. Select [Find/Replace] ⇒ [Find String].

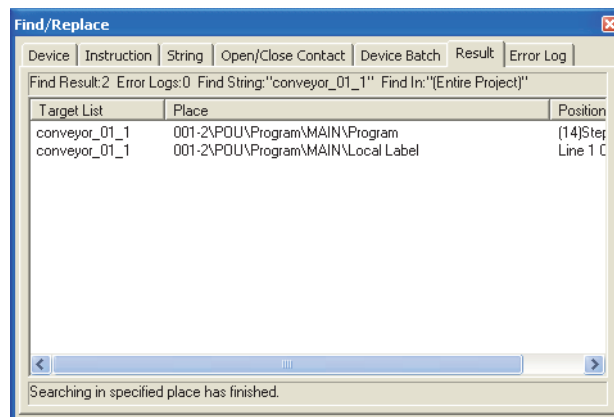
The Find/Replace screen is displayed.



#### 2. Enter an FB instance name to be searched for "Find In", and click the button or the button.

When the  button is clicked, the cursor moves to the corresponding position.

When the  button is clicked, the search result is displayed. By double-clicking the row in the search result, the cursor jumps to the corresponding character string.



---

# 5 USING FB LIBRARIES

The FB Library is a collection of FBs and it is provided as MELSOFT Library.

This chapter explains how to use the FB Library.

For the overview of the FB Library, refer to the following manual.

☞ GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Common)

Note that the FB Library is not supported by FXCPU.

5.1	Installing FB Library	5 - 2
5.2	Using FB Libraries	5 - 3
5.3	Displaying Reference Manual	5 - 5
5.4	Uninstalling FB Library	5 - 6

## 5.1 Installing FB Library

Install the FB Library.

Log onto the personal computer to which the FB Library is to be installed as a user with Administrator privilege, and install the FB Library.

### 5.1.1 Obtaining FB Library

For the information on how to acquire FB library, please contact your local Mitsubishi Electric sales office or representative.

#### Point

##### ● Compatible GX Works2 versions

Install an FB library onto a personal computer on which GX Works2 Version 1.12N or a later is installed.

Since compatible GX Works2 versions differ according to FB libraries, contact your local Mitsubishi Electric sales office or representative for details.

### 5.1.2 Installing FB Library

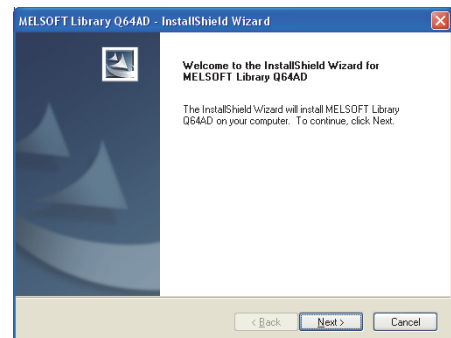
#### Operating procedure

1. Decompress the installer file.
2. Double-click "setup.exe" in the decompressed folder.

The installation is executed.

Install the file according to the instructions on the screen.  
The FB Library and a reference manual are installed in the following folder.

- When the installation path of GX Works2 is C:\Program Files\MELSOFT\GPPW2  
C:\Program Files\MELSOFT\GPPW2\MELSOFT\Library





## 5.2 Using FB Libraries

Import the installed FB libraries to a project.

### Operating procedure

1. Select [Project] ⇒ [Library] ⇒ [Install].

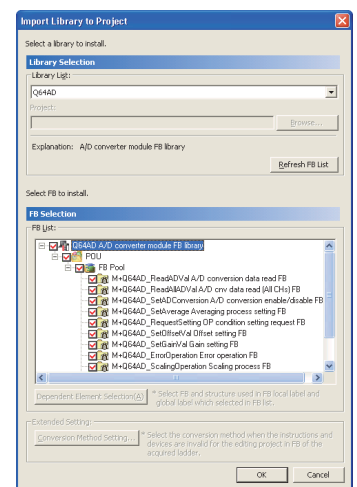
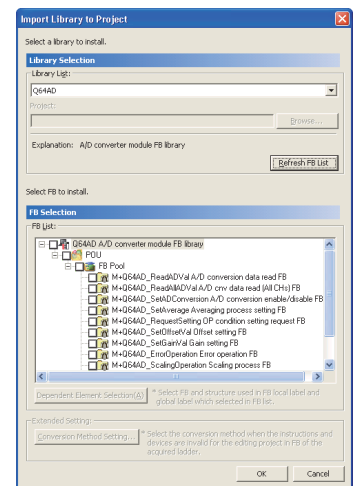
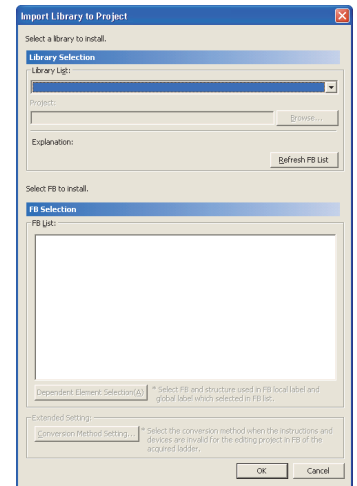
The Install screen is displayed.

2. Select a library from "Library List", and click the

**Refresh FB List** button.

"FB List" is updated.


3. Select FBs to be imported from "FB List".

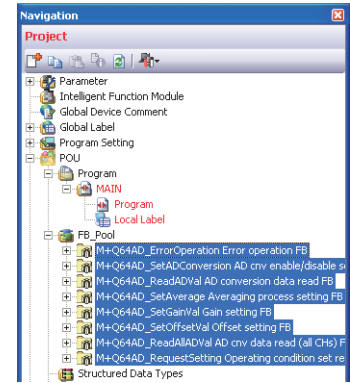
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#### 4. Click the button.

The imported FB library is displayed on the Project view.


For the method for utilizing FBs, refer to Chapter 3.

For the method for using FB libraries and the application of labels, refer to the FB library reference manual. (  Section 5.3)



#### Point

##### ● Editing FB libraries

- Since a folder which contains FB library project files is for a system use, do not change the folder name or delete the folder. If the folder name is changed or the folder is deleted, a system malfunction may occur. In addition, do not store GX Works2 project files or any other files. For a location to which FB library project files are to be stored, refer to  Section 5.1.2.
- FB libraries (whose name starts with M+/P+) are read-only files. They can be deleted but cannot be edited. To edit a library, copy or paste FB library data after importing the library.

##### ● Copying FB libraries

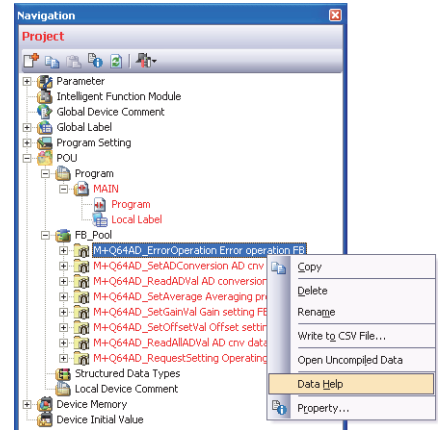
FB library data can be copied or pasted even for projects with different programmable controller types as long as project types are identical.

## 5.3 Displaying Reference Manual

This section explains how to check the usage of the imported FB library and the application of labels.

### Operating procedure

1. Select an FB from the Project view.
2. Right-click and select [Data Help] from the shortcut menu.  
The reference manual of the selected FB data is displayed.



### Point

#### ● Displaying reference manual from utilized FB

A reference manual can be displayed from the utilized FB of the FB library on the program. Select an FB on the project and press the **[F1]** key.

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## 5.4 Uninstalling FB Library

This section explains how to uninstall the installed FB Library.

### Operating procedure

- Uninstall the FB library from the Windows Control Panel.

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# 6 PROGRAM EXAMPLES USING FUNCTION BLOCKS

This chapter explains program examples using FBs.

6.1	System Configuration of Program Examples	6 - 2
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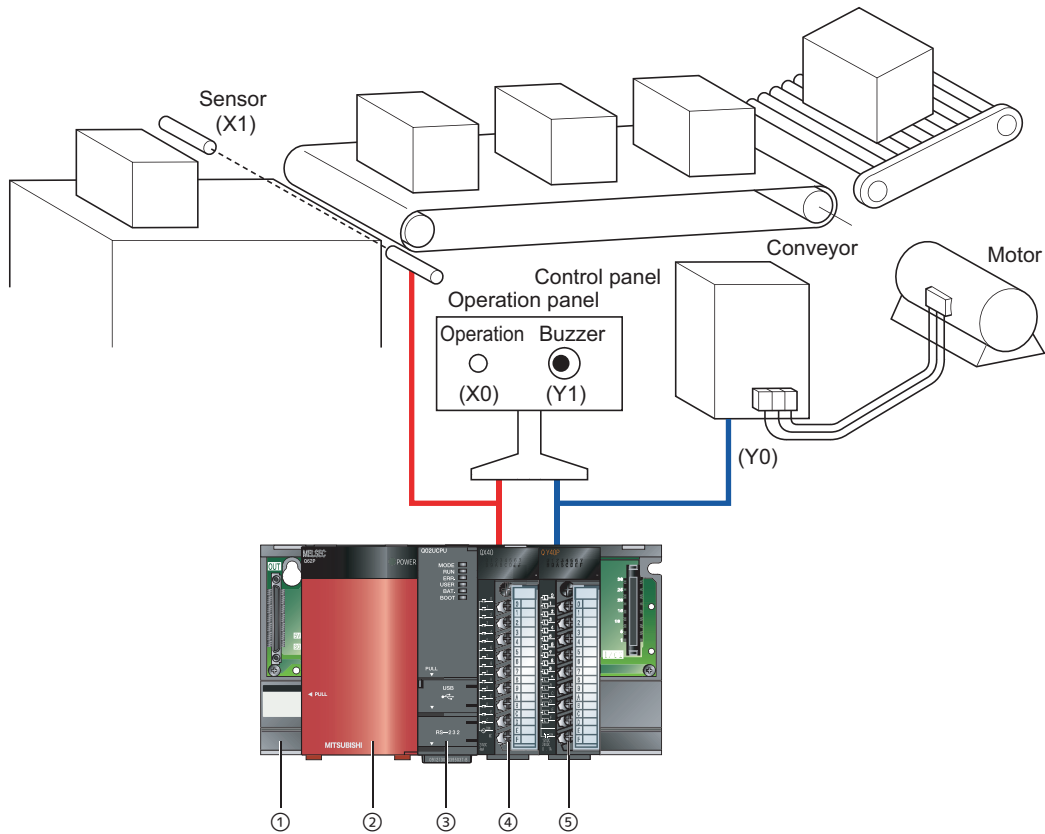
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## 6.1 System Configuration of Program Examples

The following shows an example of system configuration.

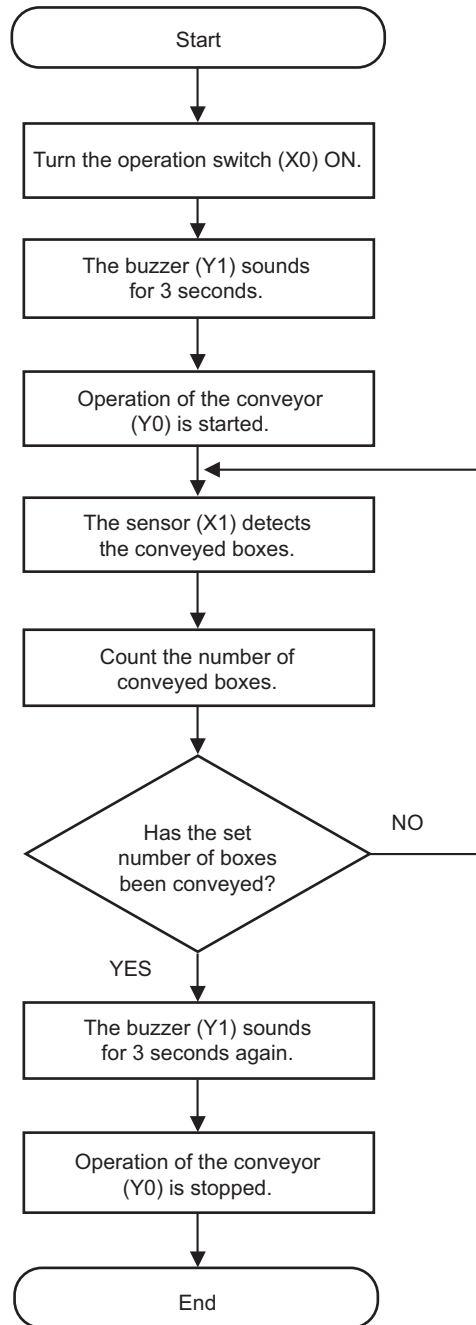
This system controls the operations of a conveyor using a CPU module, an input module, and an output module.



No.	Category	Model name	Description
①	Base unit	Q33B	-
②	Power supply module	Q62P	-
③	CPU module	Q02UCPU	-
④	Input module	QX40	Connect to the operation switch (X0) and sensor (X1).
⑤	Output module	QY40P	Connect to the conveyor driving relay (Y0) and buzzer (Y1).

## 6.2 Processing of Program Examples

When the number of boxes to be conveyed is set, and the operation switch is pressed, the conveyor starts to operate. When conveying the set number of boxes is completed, the conveyor stops. Buzzer sound is produced for three seconds when the operation is started and stopped.



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## 6.3 Creating Program Examples

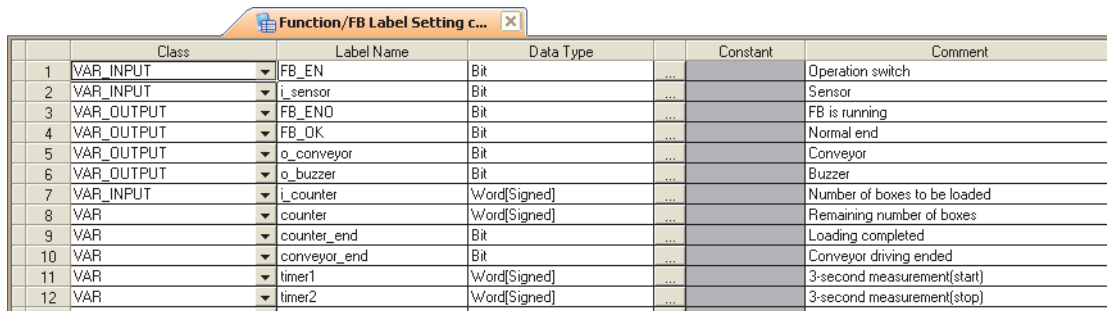
This section explains how to set FB local labels, and the examples of FB program and sequence program using FBs, based on the system configuration and processing aforementioned.

### ■ Setting FB local labels

Set label names, classes, and data types as below.

Class	Label name	Data type	Comment
VAR_INPUT	FB_EN	Bit	Operation switch
VAR_INPUT	i_sensor	Bit	Sensor
VAR_OUTPUT	FB_ENO	Bit	FB is running
VAR_OUTPUT	FB_OK	Bit	Normal end
VAR_OUTPUT	o_conveyor	Bit	Conveyor
VAR_OUTPUT	o_buzzer	Bit	Buzzer
VAR_INPUT	i_counter	Word [signed]	Number of boxes to be conveyed
VAR	counter	Word [signed]	Remaining number of boxes to be conveyed
VAR	counter_end	Bit	conveying completed
VAR	conveyor_end	Bit	Conveyor driving ended
VAR	timer1	Word [signed]	3-second measurement (operation start)
VAR	timer2	Word [signed]	3-second measurement (operation stop)

The following is a setting example displayed on the Function/FB Label Setting screen.

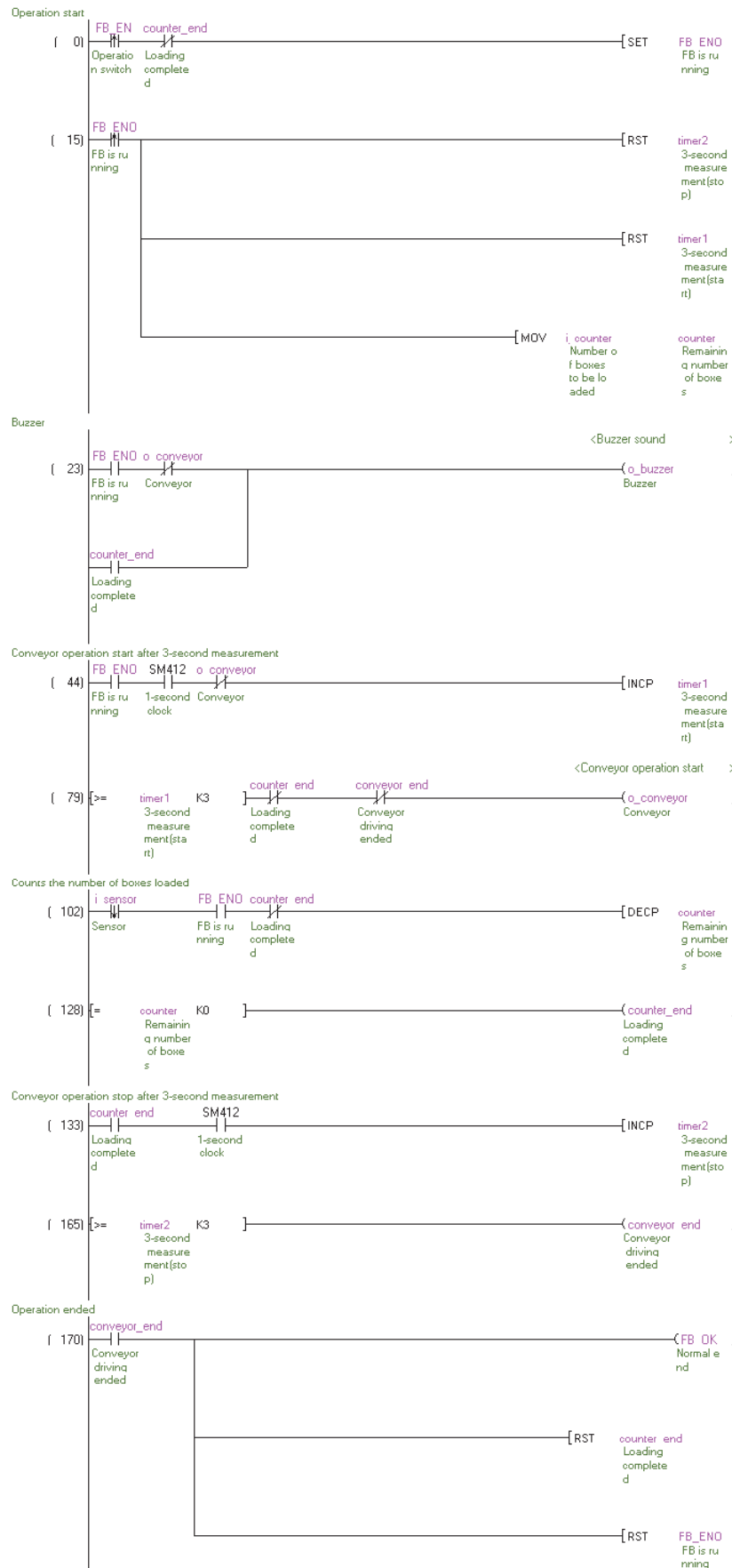


	Class	Label Name	Data Type	Constant	Comment
1	VAR_INPUT	FB_EN	Bit	...	Operation switch
2	VAR_INPUT	i_sensor	Bit	...	Sensor
3	VAR_OUTPUT	FB_ENO	Bit	...	FB is running
4	VAR_OUTPUT	FB_OK	Bit	...	Normal end
5	VAR_OUTPUT	o_conveyor	Bit	...	Conveyor
6	VAR_OUTPUT	o_buzzer	Bit	...	Buzzer
7	VAR_INPUT	i_counter	Word[Signed]	...	Number of boxes to be loaded
8	VAR	counter	Word[Signed]	...	Remaining number of boxes
9	VAR	counter_end	Bit	...	Loading completed
10	VAR	conveyor_end	Bit	...	Conveyor driving ended
11	VAR	timer1	Word[Signed]	...	3-second measurement(start)
12	VAR	timer2	Word[Signed]	...	3-second measurement(stop)



## ■ FB program example

Create an FB program using labels which have been set. (☞ Chapter 2)



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4 MANAGING AND EDITING FUNCTION BLOCKS

5 USING FB LIBRARIES

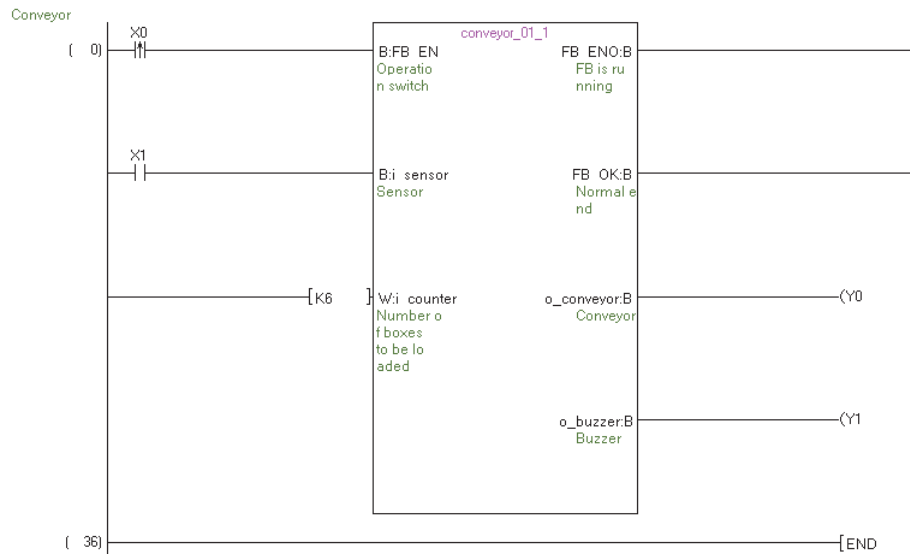
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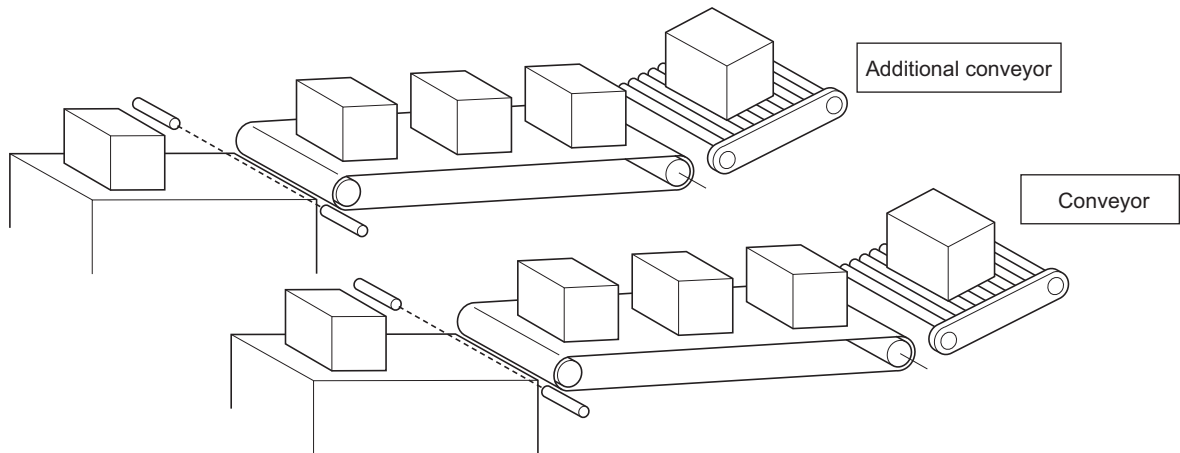
■ Sequence program example using FBs

Paste FBs to a sequence program to create the input circuit and output circuit. (Chapter 3)  
 In the program example below, the number of boxes to be conveyed is six.

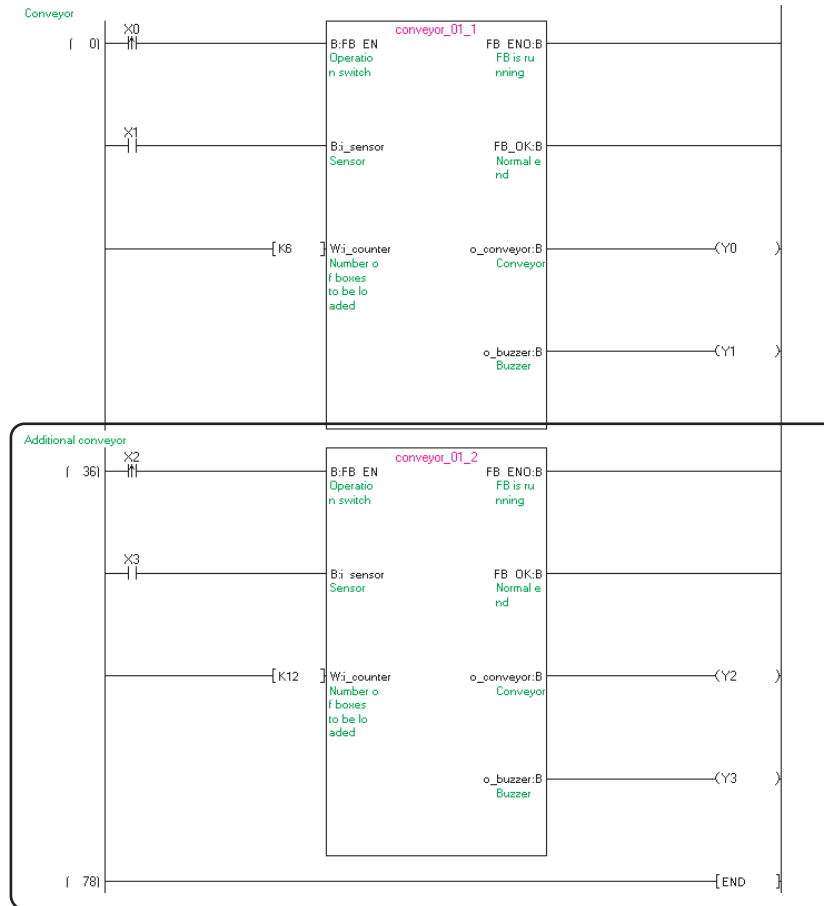


■ Sequence program example for increased number of conveyors

Converting conveyor control functions into components as FBs enables a sequence program to be easily altered when a conveyor which performs the same control is added.



The additional conveyor operation switch, sensor, conveyor driving relay, and buzzer are to be assigned X2, X3, Y2, and Y3 respectively. In the program sample below, the number of boxes to be conveyed with the additional conveyor is 12.



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## Appendix 1 Unusable Character Strings for Label Names/FB Data Names/FB Instance Names

Character strings used for application function names, common instruction names, special instruction names, instructions, etc. are called reserved words.

These reserved words cannot be used for label names (FB instance names) and FB data names (program file names). If the character string defined as a reserved word is used, an error occurs during entry or compilation.

For unusable character strings for label names and data names, refer to the following manual.

 GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Common)

### *Point*

- **Surrogate pair characters and environment dependent characters**

Surrogate pair characters and environment dependent characters are not available in GX Works2.

## ■ Considerations for using labels

- In a function, the same name as the function cannot be used for a label.
- Inapplicable character strings differ between label names and data names such as FB data names and structure names. Therefore, if a label name which contains an FB data name or structure name is set when setting a label of instance or structure, an error may occur.
- A space cannot be used.
- A numeral cannot be used at the beginning of label name.
- A label name is not case-sensitive. An error may occur at compilation when the same label names with different cases (example: 'AAA' and 'aaa') are declared.
- In ST programs, the same label name can be used for a global label and local label by setting the following option.  
Select "Use the same label name in global label and local label" under [Tool] ⇒ [Options] ⇒ "Compile" ⇒ "Basic Setting".
- An underscore ( `_` ) cannot be used at the beginning or end of label name.  
Consecutive underscores ( `__` ) cannot be used for a data name or a label name.
- For Simple projects, function names and function block names in common instructions and application functions can be used.

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## Appendix 2 Supported CPU modules

The following are the programmable controller CPUs with which the FBs can be used in GX Works2.

Programmable controller series	Programmable controller type
QCPU (Q mode)	Basic model QCPU (Q00J, Q00, Q01)
	High-performance model QCPU (Q02, Q02H, Q06H, Q12H, Q25H)
	Process CPU (Q02PH, Q06PH, Q12PH, Q25PH)
	Redundant CPU (Q12PRH, Q25PRH)
	Universal model QCPU (Q00UJ, Q00U, Q01U, Q02U, Q03UD, Q03UDE, Q03UDV, Q04UDH, Q04UDEH, Q04UDV, Q04UDPV, Q06UDH, Q06UDEH, Q06UDV, Q06UDPV, Q10UDH, Q10UDEH, Q13UDH, Q13UDEH, Q13UDV, Q13UDPV, Q20UDH, Q20UDEH, Q26UDH, Q26UDEH, Q26UDV, Q26UDPV, Q50UDEH, Q100UDEH)
LCPU	L02S, L02S-P, L02, L02-P, L06, L06-P, L26, L26-P, L26-BT, L26-PBT
FXCPU	FX1S, FX1N, FX1NC, FX2N, FX2NC, FX3S, FX3G, FX3GC, FX3U, FX3UC



## Appendix 3 Using FBs Created with GX Developer in GX Works2

FBs created with GX Developer can be used by selecting [Open Other Project] under [Project] ⇒ [Open Other Data], and open the project in GX Works2.

Note that GX Works2 and GX Developer differ in the following points.

- **Character strings that cannot be used for label names**

For unusable character strings with GX Developer, refer to the following manual.

☞ GX Developer Version 8 Operating Manual

- **Usable instructions with ST programs**

Instruction names differ between GX Developer ST and GX Works2 ST.

If compilation results in an error, change the relevant part to the instruction name of GX Works2.

For the ST instructions of GX Developer and GX Works2, refer to the following.

☞ GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Common)'s "ST instruction table for GX Works2 and GX Developer"

Alternatively, select "Use Dedicated Instruction for GX Developer, GX IEC Developer" under [Tool] ⇒ [Options] ⇒ "Project" ⇒ "Common Setting" ⇒ "Other Project Dedicated Instruction Setting".

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● "Enable calling function block and using inline ST" in the option setting

Depending on the selection status of "Enable calling function block and using inline ST" in "Enable calling function block and using inline ST" under [Tool] ⇒ [Options] ⇒ "Compile" ⇒ "Basic Setting", the program after compilation will differ.

When the option item is unselected, the program after the compilation matches with GX Developer, therefore, calling function blocks created with Structured Text from ladder programs and calling function blocks created with Ladder Diagram from ST programs are enabled.

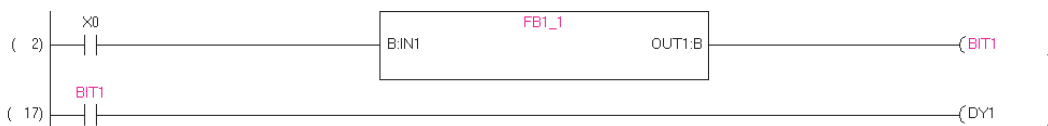
Alternatively, when the option item is selected, calling an inline structured text and calling FBs from FB program are enabled.

However, the program after the compilation will be differ from that of GX Developer. Modify the program as necessary.

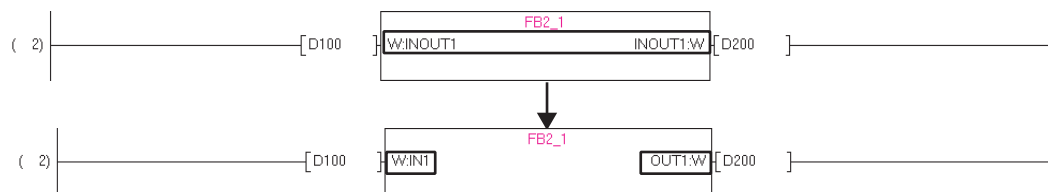
The differences with GX Developer are as follows:

Difference		Operation in GX Developer and when option is not selected in GX Works2	Operation when the option is selected in GX Works2	Correction method
Number of steps after compilation		Since a temporary variable is assigned to the argument of FB, the number of steps will be increased after compilation.	Since an input/output variable is directly assigned to the argument of FB, the number of steps after the compilation will be decreased compared to that of GX Developer.	Check the influence of scan time due to decrease the number of steps.
Input variable		The value of an input variable can be changed in FB.	The value of an input variable cannot be changed in FB.	When changing the value of an input variable in FB, substitute the value to the label whose class is VAR.
Output variable	Initial value of output variable	Initial value will be undefined value.	Initial value will be the value of device/label assigned to the argument.	When using the initial value, initialize the output variable in FB.
	Connectable device	DY device can be connected.	DY device cannot be connected.	When output the value to DY device, modify the program.*1
I/O variable	Value of I/O variable	The value of input side of device/label is not changed. The operation result is returned only to device/label of the output side.	The value of input side and output side will be the same.	To make the value of device/label of input side not to be changed, modify the local label setting of the FB.*2
	Connectable elements	Two or more contacts or the comparison operation contact can be connected to input side.	Two or more contacts or the comparison operation contact cannot be connected to input side.	When connecting two or more contacts or comparison operation contact to FB, modify the local label settings of the FB.*3
	Connection of constant	A constant can be connected to input side.	A constant cannot be connected to input side.	When connecting a constant to I/O variable, modify the local label settings of the FB.*4

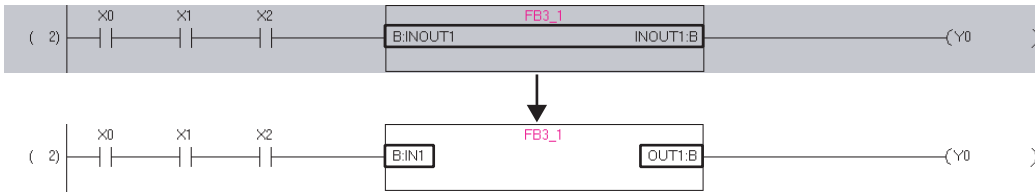
\*1 : Output FB to other device/label once, and then output it to DY in a rung other than the FB is used as follows:



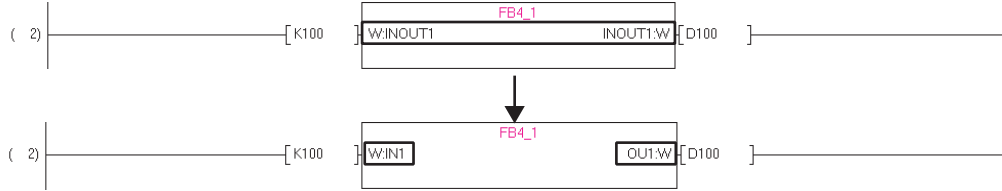
\*2 : Use VAR\_INPUT and VAR\_OUTPUT instead of VAR\_IN\_OUT as follows:



\*3 : Use VAR\_INPUT and VAR\_OUTPUT instead of VAR\_IN\_OUT as follows:



\*4 : Use VAR\_INPUT and VAR\_OUTPUT instead of VAR\_IN\_OUT as follows:



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MODEL: GXW2-VER1-O-FB-E

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